The Courier-Journal.

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WASHINGTON.

Cabinet Consultation on the Status of Cuba.

Gen. Sickles Imparts a New Phase to the Situation.

The Test Oath in the Unreconstructed States.

Is Secretary Hoar's Opinion a Finality?

Internal Revenue Matters in New York Considered.

Etc., Etc., Etc.

[Special Telegraphic Correspondence of the Courier-Journal.]

CONSULTATION ON CUBAN AFFAIRS.

WASHINGTON, August 9.—Great interest is manifested here in the session of the Cabinet to-morrow. The general impression is that matters relating to reconstruction and the Southern elections will be entirely ignored in the deliberations and the whole session be devoted exclusively to matters having reference to the situation in Cuba and the correspondence which has recently taken place between Secretary Fish and Minister Sickles on the one side, and Mr. Roberts, the Spanish Minister here, and Regent Serrano on the other, concerning the attitude of the Government in the present status. It is well known that for some days past the cable has been burdened with the suggestions and discussions of those dignitaries, and the probability is that certain facts have been communicated to this Government by Sickles which will impart an entirely new phase to the situation. Under these circumstances, the impressions which prevail of a lengthy and important Cabinet session are based upon a good foundation.

THE TEST OATH IN UNRECONSTRUCTED STATES.

The question has been seriously considered here as to whether or not the President, with his settled opposition to test oaths, to which he is strongly supported by General Sherman and two or three members of the Cabinet, will abide by the decision of the Attorney General respecting the requirement of that oath from members elect to the Legislature in the yet unreconstructed States. Rumors assert that the decision of the Attorney General will be final, no matter what the result may be.

THE NEW YORK REVENUE FRAUDS.

Supervisor Dutcher, General Pleasanton, Collector Bailey and B. T. Tracy, of New York, were closeted with Commissioner Delano to-day for some hours in reference to internal revenue matters in that city. The interview was in regard to alleged fraudulent shipments of whisky from the West to New York.

CONFIRMATION AND RESIGNATION.

Acting Secretary Richardson has confirmed the nomination of Chas. Crawford to be clerk in the United States Depository at Chicago. The office of stamp clerk there has been abolished, and the resignation of Clara A. Sherwood, who held that position, has been accepted.

TARIFF AND BONDED WAREHOUSE BILLS.

The House Committee of Ways and Means, just returned from California, will reassemble in Boston on the 20th of October next. Before separating at Omaha sub-committees were appointed on specific branches of the tariff and bonded warehouse bills, to report in Boston at the October meeting of the committee. The committee will perfect a bill for the revision of the tariff and one on the warehouse system, in time to report at the commencement of the December session. They feel highly of the efficiency of the revenue service on the Pacific coast under the present Administration.

NAVY YARD INSPECTIONS.

Gen. Sherman leaves here on Friday, and will join Secretary Robeson and party at Philadelphia, to accompany them on the tour of inspection to the different navy yards.

[To the Associated Press.]

REASONS FOR SEEKING THE OUTBOUNDS.

NEW YORK, August 9.—The Herald says Secretary Fish gave as a reason for the seizure of the Spanish gunboats which are being built in this city, that they were intended to relieve the Spanish fleet now doing coast duty around Cuba, and permit the fleet to be used to inaugurate the Peruvian war. He says he does not believe the gunboats will ever leave our waters, and if they do leave without his permission he will send after them, which will astonish the Dons and compel his authority to be respected.

SICKLES AND THE OSTEND MANIFESTO.

A story is current in Washington that at the time Gen. Sickles was being discussed in Cabinet, previous to his appointment, Attorney-General Hoar and Secretary Fish suggested that the General's complicity with the Ostend manifesto might seriously interfere with his usefulness at the Spanish court. Secretary Rawlins and Postmaster General Cresswell, in reply to this objection, remarked that at the time they were in favor of the manifesto. After a brief silence the President solved the question of the appointment by saying that he, too, was in favor of the manifesto at the time it was issued.

ARRIVAL OF THE MEXICAN MINISTER AND COMMISSIONER.

Senor Marcial, the new Mexican Minister, arrived to-day. He visited the State Department, and left his credentials. It is reported that they will be received by the President to-morrow.

Dr. Palacio, the Mexican Commissioner under the claims convention, also arrived this morning. Arrangements have been made for an early meeting of the board.

ANOTHER COUNTERFEIT.

Three-dollar coupons of 1881, paid by the Assistant Treasurer at New York and reported by Gen. Spinner, are pronounced counterfeit. They are lithographed and badly executed.

THE TEST OATH IN VIRGINIA.

An order issued by Gen. Canby at Richmond on the 30 of August revokes the previous order of General Stoneman exempting from taking the test oath accumulators in chancery, and removes all such officers as cannot take the oath. The order is regarded as an insurrection movement provoked by this interposition of higher authority, he will enforce the requirement for the test oath on the recently-elected members of the Legislature.

ELECTIONS HELD ON AMERICAN SOIL.

Dispatches have been received here from Admiral Hoff, detailing the circumstances of the expulsion of American citizens at Santiago de Cuba, and the result of his investigations on that subject, which have been withheld for the present from publication. They will be laid before the Cabinet to-morrow.

POSTMASTER GENERAL CRESWELL has returned to Washington.

REVENUE RECEIPTS.

The receipts of the Government from internal revenue sources continue very satisfactory, and, on an average, are much higher than the returns exhibited at this period last year. For some time past they have averaged at least $60,000, and to-day were within a fraction of $1,000,000.

FROM THE INDIAN COUNTRY.

Representative Clark, of Kansas, Chairman of the Committee on Indian Affairs, has arrived in this city after an extensive tour among the Indian tribes in Southern Kansas. Mr. Clark will have an interview with Commissioner Parker to-morrow, when he will present the actual condition of the Indians in that section of country and also suggest that measures be taken for the removal of the Osages further south, to bring in the Cherokee, a number of great forest to both Indians and Government, as well as to the white settlers, over 3000 of whom have settled on the Osage reservation. Mr. Clark states that the recent reports of disturbances on the neutral lands of Kansas have been greatly exaggerated, and that the people are perfectly willing to submit to legal adjudication of the title of lands occupied by them.

CHICAGO.

Military Promotions—The Turners—Press Dinner—Competing for Prizes.

CHICAGO, August 9.—A special order from Sheridan's headquarters announces the following promotions:

First Lieutenant R. P. Wilcox, Company E, Fifth cavalry, to be Captain, vice Denny, which carries him to Company A. First Lieutenant A. B. Taylor, Regimental Quartermaster, Fifth cavalry, to Captain, vice Apgood, which carries him to Company C. Second Lieutenant L. B. Hall, Company B, Second cavalry, to be First Lieutenant, vice Taylor, which carries him to Company I. Second Lieutenant W. F. Clark, Company A, Second cavalry, to be First Lieutenant, vice Norton, which carries him to Company D.

The Turners had another beautiful day for their festival. This morning the procession formed at the headquarters, and soon after moved to Wright's Grove. The procession was an attractive one, comprising not less than Turners, with nearly a dozen bands of music.

At 12 o'clock a complimentary dinner was given to the gentlemen of the press at the Del Rapids.

The afternoon the competition for prizes took place. The attendance was very large, everything passed off pleasantly.

Base Ball.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 9.—In a game of base ball to-day between the Forest City, of Cleveland, and the Forest City, of Cleveland, the latter were victorious. Score, 40 to 36.

THE ECLIPSE.

Scientific Observations at Springfield, Mattoon, and Chicago, Illinois—Report of Prof. Sands of the Washington Observatory; Etc., Etc.

CHICAGO, August 9.—The eclipse at Springfield was a startling and sublime phenomenon. The sky was perfectly clear, and a close scientific observation was made of Harvard, had charge of the observations which were made near the city hall. A hundred photographs of the eclipse were taken by Mr. Black, of Boston. When the obscuration took place the heavens and the earth presented a scene of awful sublimity. A brilliant and golden-colored corona appeared around the sun and moon, shooting rays of light outward in all directions. Over the whole horizon was illuminated with a light of the same color. The planets Mercury and Venus and a number of fixed stars were distinctly visible, but no planetaries between Mercury and the sun were discovered; a brilliant rose-colored flame or protuberance was noticed on the western limit of the sun during the period of total obscuration. The phenomenon known as Baily's beads was also distinctly seen. The phenomenon, Professor Price thinks, is occasioned by refraction of light. He is also satisfied that the corona visible at the time of the total obscuration was occasioned by the sun's atmosphere. Prof. Charles Scott, of the coast survey, had charge of the general arrangements, and with a powerful telescope observed particularly the form of the protuberances, and made special observations in connection with the photographs.

W. P. Mackie, a graduate of Harvard College this year, was detailed to note the time by the chronometer, and during the entire eclipse, from its commencement until its final close, never for a moment allowed his eye to wander from the dial plate, thus losing sight of the eclipse in any of its phases. During the total obscuration of the sun, a silence like death reated over the city. The birds flew to their nests, fowls to their roosts, and chickens to the friendly wings of shelter. A drove of cows, feeding near the city reservoir, with heads and tails erect, and with a startled, frightened look, started for the city, and did not cease running until "Old Bob" once more shone forth.

Many other incidents, some laughable and others grave, transpired during the eclipse. Dogs were seen to gaze in wonder at the terrible appearance of the sky, and retain, during the total obscuration, in an attitude of alarm and wonderment, but just at the moment the first ray of the sun appeared expressed the joy they felt in a way dogs only can.

The observations made by the scientific gentlemen have been all that could be desired. The photographs taken by Mr. Black have never been equaled, in number or perfectness of execution.

At Mattoon, Illinois, the observations were made by Professor O. W. Hough, of Dudley Observatory, Albany, N. Y.; Prof. David Murray, of Rutger's College, New Brunswick, N. J.; Prof. L. M. Easterday, Hillsboro, Illinois; Prof. John C. Home, Waterford, New York; Lewis Swift, Marathon, Courtland county, N. Y., and Thomas Simonds, New York city; also of the Dudley Observatory. The instruments made use of were the ordinary telescopes. One of them, however, was provided with means for accurately measuring the diversions of the protuberances on the sun and the corona or surrounding halo. A chronograph was employed to note accurately the time of the different phenomena. The time was obtained by telegraphic communication with Dudley Observatory, at Albany, N. Y. At 10 minutes and 15 seconds past 4 the eclipse commenced, the moon's first contact with the sun occurring at that time. The former was 19 degrees south of the solar equator, on the west side. The thermometer, which a few minutes before had risen to 104, began to fall rapidly. Gradually the darkness of twilight spread over the earth. Small fires, goats, and other animals of night thickly fluttered in the air, until, at 11 minutes past 4, the unanimous exclamations from the eager spectators announced the visible advent of the first star, Regulus. At precisely eleven minutes and fifteen seconds past five the sun's shining face became totally obscured, and a star after another appeared. The corona threw its brilliant emanations of luminous light around the black sphere for two minutes and thirty seconds. The darkness was equal to that of a moonlight night, and the temperature was forty-two degrees cooler than one hour before. The countenances of the spectators assumed a ghastly, unnatural hue. The sky was of a light purplish color, excepting near the horizon, where the aspect was that golden radiance with which the sun bids adieu at beautiful sunset. The climax occurred when at the close of the totality, like a flash of silver lightning, the first ray of sunlight that suddenly shot out piercing the gloom around and again illuminating the world. The eclipse ended at nine minutes and twenty-two seconds past 6 o'clock. In the observations taken the phenomena corresponded precisely with the computations previously made. No bright spots were visible on the surface of the sun before the eclipse, two of which were very prominent, and the others much less. The cusps on the moon's disk had a ragged and blurred appearance. As the eclipse progressed towards the totality the form of the moon became visible. Near the cusps of the phenomena of totality Bailey's beads were seen distinctly by all the observers, exending through an arc of at least fifty degrees. The moment the eclipse became total the flame-like protuberances were seen with wonderful distinctness, one being very large on the lower limb of the sun, and three nearly as large on the upper limb, while at least seven, or eight of them all were visible. The sun on the right hand and lower limb had somewhat the appearance of a full-rigged ship with sails set. In part nearest the moon were two or three jet black spots. To the naked eye it seemed as though they were openings or fissures in the moon—one on the left side and one on the southwest side. Just after the total eclipse, through the openings the lurid glow of the sun was distinctly visible. The corona was apparent to all observers, either with or without instruments. It was very generally described in books, &c., as a halo of light surrounding the moon, but was distinctly seen to be a five-pointed prong on the lower and two on the upper circumference of the moon. These points had a radial appearance. The generally-received theory regarding the corona, that it is the atmosphere of the sun, does not seem to be explained by observations. It is conjectured that the corona is in some way caused by the phenomena of light passing through the atmosphere. Although search was made, no planetary bodies were observed between Mercury and the sun during the totality phase, Mercury, Venus, Regulus, Mars, Saturn, Jupiter, and other stars were visible. The temperature in the shade, at the beginning of the totality, was 77 degrees, during the totality 45 degrees, and at the end of the eclipse had risen to 70 degrees. A few minutes after four o'clock it rose to 102 degrees, while during the total eclipse it fell to 50 degrees, but subsequently rose to 80 degrees.

In Chicago the day was a beautiful one; all that could be desired by the most enthusiastic star-gazer. At ten minutes after four o'clock the points of the two bodies just appeared to come in contact. The spectacle at this time was like a very bright fire emitting a black volume of smoke, only that the smoke passed off in a direction the reverse of that of the flame. At 4:10, fifteen minutes passed, and then it was to be observed that the black body was gradually encroaching the sun; the light from that body grew less and less powerful, and a cold breeze sprung up from the north, and the edge of the horizon faded into indistinctness, and darkness seemed to be creeping up from below rather than down from above. Another half hour, and two-thirds of the face of the sun was obscured. The light now assumed a sickly cast of the peculiar hue that is prevalent just after a clear sunset on a July evening. From the small spot on the sun which was still left free, the light appeared to be struggling to maintain its accustomed supremacy. Five minutes more and down in the streets it had become quite dark, many establishments lighting their gas. The pigeons, and swallows that had for some time been flying here and there in great trepidation, sought their roosts preparatory to going to sleep. Out of the blue and purple shade above large gold stars began to shine and twinkle. The planet Venus was plainly visible to the naked eye, as were several others of like magnitude. Everything wore the general appearance of a genuine sunless evening, cold and cheerless. As the moon began to move away the flood of light rushed out again as if glad to escape from a forced imprisonment, and wrested the sun as gradually as it had covered it up.

REPORT OF PROF. SANDS, OF WASHINGTON NAVAL OBSERVATORY.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—Commodore Sands, who has charge of the naval observatory, has submitted the following report to the Secretary of the Navy:

U. S. NAVAL OBSERVATORY, }
WASHINGTON, Aug. 9. }

SIR: I have the honor to report that I have received a telegraphic dispatch from our observers of the eclipse at Des Moines, Iowa. Prof. Harkness reports as follows; We have been favored beyond our most sanguine expectations. We have 120 photographs of the eclipse, two being of totality. Also a spectra of the prominences, no two of them alike, giving the same lines. Could see no absorption lines in the spectrum of the corona. It was a sunless sun spectrum with one bright line in it.

Prof. Eastman's obs ervations were also successful.

Prof. Newcomb reports that no ultra-mercurial planets were visible.

Mr. T. W. Hayward left here on Friday morning and arrived at Bristol, Texas, in ample time for the eclipse. The objects of attention were the duration of totality and atmospheric appearances. Clear sky and favorable observations were extremely favorable. Mercury, Venus and Regulus were visible to the naked eye, and the prominent planets were seen. He had successive views of the eclipse, from which a full report will be made.

The Chicago Observatory also reports partially obscured by clouds, and, owing to the use of a higher power than the observer was accustomed to, he failed to get a first and last contact. His other observations were entirely successful. I will have the honor to submit a more detailed report on the part of the observers sent out from here.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

B. T. SANDS, Sup't.

To Hon. G. M. Robeson, Secretary of the Navy.

AT FRANKFORT, KY.

FRANKFORT, Aug. 7.—During the period of totality, the stars came out, and it was as if night had drawn her mantle. The atmosphere grew chilly. Cattle started to their pleasantest, evidently the edge of the horizon, to the northeast and south, the sky assumed a bright orange cast. The darkness was dense, for from the northeast to the southwest than on at her side, extending to a point directly through the sky.

But the climax of the view to-day the eclipsed sun exposed all description. The immediate manifest of contact had been characterized by a transparent halo of light, occupying the circle of the moon's body. From the circle of the moon's body. This corona seemed composed of sheeted and glowing flame, emitting its rays on the extreme edge, and with rays decreasing as it receded.

AT VINCENNES, IND.

VINCENNES, August 9.—On of the most startling features of the eclipse was that the appearance of the lower right hand rim of the moon's surface and, extending downward of a red spot as large as a man's fist which did not look like a flame, but more like a solid red hot body of melted lava. This was distinctly seen with the naked eye during the entire observations. This did not form any part of the corona which was very brilliant and appeared almost to entirely enclose the moon in a halo of glory.

FOREIGN.

[BY CABLE TELEGRAPH.]

SPAIN.

REINFORCEMENTS FOR CUBA.

MADRID, August 9.—The Imparcial newspaper, in its issue to-day, says reinforcements of 10,000 men will be sent to Cuba in September.

ELECTION OF A KING.

The Cortes will assemble by October, and the first business will be the election of a King.

CARLIST AGENTS.

Several Carlist agents arrived in this city last night.

THE CARLIST CURRENT SUPPRESSED.

The recent decree issued by the Spanish Government in regard to the part taken by some of the Spanish clergy in the Carlist conspiracy, gives the Bishops no room for what steps they have taken to restrain such disloyalty, and to furnish the Government the names of the conspirators. The Bishops are required to furnish the authorities requiring obedience to the laws within eight days.

The decree gives universal satisfaction. Up to the present moment the Bishops have maintained silence on the subject. A large number of circulars, issued by Don Carlos and others, reach Bishops and clergy, inviting their co-operation, have been seized by the autorities.

CARLISTS CAPTURED AND SHOT.

Balaculloqua, a Carlist chieftan, after making a desperate resistance, has been captured, tried by court martial, and shot. A band of Carlists were met with recently at Montalegre. Nine of them were taken prisoners and shot on the spot by order of the officer commanding the Government troops. The act causes great sensation. Several parties of Carlists, led by priests, have been defeated and dispersed.

FRANCE.

THE CABLE AGREEMENT.

PARIS, August 9.—The Journal officiel publishes the agreement of July 16, made by the French cable company with the United States authorities under which the landing of the cable at Duxamy was permitted.

J. MERIDETH READ, JR.

has received the exequatur from the French Government his commission as Consul General of the United States at Paris.

THE MINER'S RIOT.

In the department of Lioss, sixty-two miners, who took part in the late riots in St. Etienne, are to-day undergoing trial, convicted, and sentenced to various terms of imprisonment.

ENGLAND.

TELEGRAPHIC RATES REDUCED.

LONDON, Aug. 9.—The joint committee of the Atlantic and Anglo-American companies and the directors of New York and Newfoundland and London Telegraph Company have made a further reduction of tariff between any point of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and New York, commencing August 10th, 1869—20s sterling, or $7 50 gold, for 10 words, and 5s sterling, or 75c gold, for each extra word; press messages one-half of the above rates.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, August 9.—Consols, money 92¾, 93 account 93. 5-20's of 1862, [?] Frankfort, 87¾@88; Erie, 19¾; Illinois, 94¾.

LIVERPOOL, August 9.—Cotton quiet; middling uplands, 12¾d.; Orleans, 12¾d.; sales of the week, 60,000 bales, including 10,000 to speculators and exporters. Breadstuffs quiet. Wheat, No. 2 Red Western, 10s 1d. Western flour, 25s. Corn, 34s 6d. Pork, 97s. Peas, 41s. Pork, 102s. Beef, 115s. Lard, 72s. Tallow, 43s 6d. Spirits petroleum, 1s 6d; refined, 1s 7½d. Tallow, 47s. Turpentine, 27s 6d.

LONDON, August 9.—Turpentine, 28s 9d@29s. Consols for money, 92¾; account, 93. Rosin, 5s. Linseed cakes, £6 7s. Petroleum—Arrived, 824; free.

Marine News.

LONDON, August 9.—United States steamer Tripoli, from New York, arrived out.

ST. LOUIS.

A Murderous Gang at Ironton—Murder and Hoard From.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 9.—Recent events have disclosed the fact that a gang of desperadoes have for a long time made their rendezvous at Ironton, in this State, and that a number of the infamous crimes recently have been committed. Several arrests have been made and writs issued for other parties, but in the attempt to serve them the Sheriff and his posse were met with organized resistance, and after a desperate fight they were forced to retire with two men killed and several wounded.

The Police Commissioners to-day received a dispatch from Irondale, Mo., that Col. Bowen, in command of a force sent to capture Hildebrand, the desperado of Southeast Missouri, and Sheriff Murphy, of St. Francois county, were fired upon by Hildebrand and some of his friends, and five wounded and his horse shot from under him. The posse are now in pursuit. This attack on the officers of the Law may result in the sending a strong force of militia to Washington and St. Francois counties, and the driving out of the whole gang of outlaws in that section.

CUBA.

Lucas Indisposed — Released—Relief for Los Tunas—Rebels Surprised.

HAVANA, August 8.—Gen. Lesaca arrived here last week in bad health and has gone to San Diego for the baths.

Mr. Foltz, a relative of one of the U. S. Consuls in Cuba, who was recently arrested and sentenced to four months imprisonment, has been released at the instigation of Consul General Fish and has sailed for New York in the steamer Columbia.

The official reports say that there are now no rebels in the jurisdiction of Los Tunas and Holguin.

A convoy of provisions has reached the town of Los Tunas and relieved the garrison, who were suffering from scarcity.

Troops recently surprised a body of insurgents at Dos Enganos and killed eighty of of their number.

BOSTON.

Death of C. C. Little—The Hobbs Murder—Liquor Seizure.

BOSTON, August 9.—Charles C. Little, founder, and senior partner of the firm of Little, Brown & Co., the well-known law publishers, died this morning in his seventy-first year.

The coroner's jury, in the case of the death of Mrs. Hobbs, returned a verdict that she came to her death by being shot through her body by a pistol in the hands of Thos. L. White.

On Saturday 138 gallons of ale, and six gallons of whisky were seized in the brewery of Jos. Shaw in Salem, by the State Constable, under the liquor law.

The Turf.

SARATOGA, Aug. 9.—In the hurdle race, two miles, Lobelia beat Mitchell. Time, 4 minutes and 3½ seconds.

A purse of $500 for two-year olds, one mile, was won by Nellie James. Midday second, Kelso third. Cricket fourth, Harbinger fifth, and Chillicothe last.

Sweepstakes for three-year olds was won by Narragansett easily. Inverenald second and Blarneystone third. Time, 2:37¾.

Balloon Excursion.

MEADVILLE, Pa., Aug. 9.—S. S. Thurston, accompanied by Messrs. Oliphant and Baldwin, started in the balloon Bridal Chariot for New York at 6:25 p. m. They expect to reach there in 36 hours. The wind is now favorable for the trip.

NEW YORK.

Financial and Commercial Markets.

Distrust of the Future of the Money Market.

Pratt, the Texas Rioter, in the U. S. Court.

Etc., Etc., Etc.

[Special Dispatch to the Courier-Journal.]

MONETARY.

NEW YORK, August 9.—Money is somewhat irregular. Rates for call loans range from 5 to 7 per cent. according to the class of securities offered. Discounts have been unsettled by the failure of Bowers, Beekman & Co., an old house in the woolen trade, with liabilities stated at $3,000,000. Their failure is said to be owing to efforts to sustain wool on manufacturers to whom they had made large advances.

Gold has ruled very dull. A large export is looked for, but it is the growing belief that Mr. Boutwell must increase his sales. The large shipments of breadstuffs are used by the bears to decrease the market.

BONDS.

Government bonds were without feature or quotable change. The principal offerings of five-twenties seem to be to exchange for the lower priced bonds. Southern State securities were dull and drooping.

RAILWAY SHARES

were firm, but less buoyant. The bulls in Western stocks are making the most of reports of large prospective earnings in consequence of the crops, and of the efforts of the great Eastern roads to extend their connections West. There is much distrust of the future of the money market, and buyers are not disposed to do more than to make short turns. It is again reported in the interest of the Western lilt stocks that negotiations for consolidation are to be resumed, but do not induce purchase, as it is believed that consolidation would deprive them of their speculative character, upon which presumption the close of the whole stock market was quite dull.

OUR OWN MARKET REPORT.

Specially Telegraphed to the Courier-Journal.

BREADSTUFFS.

NEW YORK, Aug. 9.—The market opened with great excitement in flour and wheat, with a large export demand, which was mainly restricted to Chicago. Private telegrams from the interior spring wheat brought no more money than last week, and new flour from winter wheat is for sale. Wheat has not advanced, as quotations would seem to indicate, for the former was sold at $1 60@1 65 was similar to that which sold at $1 56@1 58 on Saturday, and there were no buyers, with sellers at the close, although the private opinions were more favorable at Mortality and cats very sparingly offered and unsettled.

FREIGHTS.

One hundred and sixty-eight thousand bushels were engaged to-day for Liverpool, and 170,000 by sail to Glasgow and London; also 4,000 bbls flour to Liverpool by steam at 2s 3d@2s 6d.

PROVISIONS.

All hog products remain exceedingly quiet though well held. Prime steam lard for future delivery 20c asked. Fifty tcs smoked hams sold at 20c, to be returned to Cincinnati.

COFFEE.

Coffee—Rio more active, at 18¼@18¾. Sugar, active; fair to prime grocery, 10@12¾; best crushed 15¼@15¾.

LIVE STOCK.

BEEVES—Receipts since Saturday 3,300; the market is again heavy and very dull. The receipts were mostly Texans, which brought 10½@10c; fair to good do 14½@15½c; common and medium 13@14c.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts since Saturday, 12,720, without important change, though lambs are dull. Sheep 4½@7c; lambs, 7@9½c, with some selling at 10c.

SWINE—Receipts since Saturday 6,420; sales of one car load at 7½c, 5d Ohio, 208 pounds, 16c. Dressed easier and more active at 12½c.

ALBANY CATTLE MARKET.

ALBANY, N. Y., August 9.—The market for beeves was 3@4c lower in the weight scraker this afternoon, with sales for the day of 1,200 or 1,500 head.

Sheep in good request at 8@8½, and lambs at 7@7½c. Sales, 2,400.

Hogs—Sales of 100 Illinois corn-fed, averaging 252 pounds, at 10½c, and 104 stillers, averaging 240 pounds, at 10¾c.

[To the Associated Press.]

FIRE AT YONKERS.

NEW YORK, August 9.—A block of buildings in Yonkers, bounded by Main, Dock and Own streets and Wells avenue, were burned last night, involving a loss of about $3,000, on which there is but small insurance. The fire is supposed to have been an incendiary one. Among the buildings consumed were Ockerts & Quick's steam saw mill and Stewart's lumber yard. Henry Brewster's lumber yard, Stewart's stables, German real estate office, and a large number of dwellings.

DOWN.

Last evening the steamer Rip Van Winkle, on her return from the fishing banks, when opposite Jersey City, ran down a sail boat containing six persons. Her engine's course was stopped and the boat's crew rescued.

RAILROAD INJUNCTION CASE.

Application was made to Judge McCunn this afternoon for an injunction against the Long Island Railroad, restraining the Long Island and Erie Railroad, and the appointment of a receiver. After some discussion the matter was adjourned till to-morrow.

JOHN H. PRATT, THE TEXAS RIOTER.

The case of John H. Pratt, the Texas rioter, was before both the Federal and State courts to-day. Commissioner Osborn at first refused to give him bail in the Federal court, but the United land Erie Railroad, and the appointment of a receiver. After some discussion the matter was adjourned till to-morrow.

JOHN H. PRATT, THE TEXAS RIOTER.

The case of John H. Pratt, the Texas rioter, was before both the Federal and State courts to-day. Commissioner Osborn at first refused to give him bail in the Federal court, but the United States corpus issued by Judge McCunn, whereupon the latter said he should direct the Sheriff to arrest Pratt and call upon the State militia for aid. Finally, after an interview between District Attorney Pierrepont and the Judge, Pratt was produced in the state Court, whereupon Mr. Pierrepont stated the circumstances of the case, and asked that the prisoner be remanded to the custody of the United States Marshal. This was objected to by his counsel, on the ground that the Federal authorities had no jurisdiction, but the Judge granted the request, and the case comes up before Judge Osborn on Thursday.

THE ENGLISH FORGERS.

A writ of habeas corpus was issued by Judge McCunn, directing Superintendent Kennedy to produce the bodies of Howard and Hatcher, the English forgers, and show cause for their detention. As the forgers sailed on Saturday they cannot be produced in court.

THE YONKERS FIRE.

The loss by the fire at Yonkers seems to have been over estimated. The principal losers are: J. T. Farnon, $20,000 to $25,000; insured for $15,000. J. B. Millard, $10,000 to $15,000; fully insured. Schoo & Quick, $35,000 to $40,000; insured for $7,000. H. T. Wilson, $15,000 to $20,000; insured. A. Austin & Co., $6,000; partially insured. J. & G. Stewart, $10,000; partially insured. There are various smaller losses, amounting in the aggregate to $15,000, partially insured. Some out of which there are $6,000 to 10,000 from Brevoort's yards, is still on fire, but steamers having been sent from New York, it is hoped the most will be saved.

MARINE.

The steamer City of Antwerp, from Liverpool, has arrived.

BARNEGAT, N. Y., Aug. 9.—The Atlantic Base Ball Club, of Brooklyn, defeated the Haymakers, of Lassingburg, here to-day 25 to 11. Each club has now won a game, the rubber will soon be played.

SARATOGA, August 9.—Lady Thorn arrived here this morning and will trot on Friday against Mountain Boy.

BUFFALO, August 9.—Trotting to-morrow over the Buffalo Driving Park was the absorbing topic in the city to-day. A large crowd was in attendance at the pool selling, and sales were large and brisk. Norwood is the favorite in the three mile race, going against two to one with the field. Antimony Wayne is backed strongest in the two-thirty race. Five horses are entered for the three minute trot, and nine in the two-thirty-four trot. The weather is clear and the track in splendid condition. Every railway train brings in crowds of visitors.

FIRE.

The building 272 Cherry street, used as a storehouse for sea coal, was, this evening, ignited with the contents, and entirely destroyed by fire. Loss, $30,000; partially insured.

PITTSBURG.

Funeral Interrupted—Suspected Fraud on an Insurance Company.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 9.—While the remains of Conrad Gerbach, of this city, were being taken to the cemetery to-day the coffin was taken in charge by the Coroner at the suggestion of the agent of a life insurance company, the body was examined and buried by the insurance company. The deceased had been insured for a few thousand dollars for some years, and recently a party claiming to be representing himself to be deceased, who at first claimed was ill at the time, applied for and obtained additional insurance to the amount of $27,000. The company suspected foul play and are having the matter investigated.

NASHVILLE.

Carpet-Bag Attack on a Bohemian—Riotous Scenes—Assistance—Senter's Majority.

[Special Dispatch to the Courier-Journal.]

NASHVILLE, Aug. 9.—About a dozen of half-drunken young scapegraces decoyed a peaceful Bohemian named Barber, from the City Hotel, last night, and attempted to administer some trifling [illegible] punishment. During the scuffle Colonel Barber wrote letters for publication, in which it is alleged he indulged in gross and libelous misrepresentations, in regard to Senter and others. He was not hurt by his assailants, but remembered the ruffians who attacked him are severely and justly denounced if by everybody, and the papers to-morrow will not bathe words in their reprobation of the cowardly act. As far as can be learned, this is the first attempt at retaliation since the election, and is this case whisky and boyish indiscretion are to blame for, what is reprehended by all parties.

Stokes, the defeated gubernatorial candidate, left for Washington to-day. His mission, it is said, looks to having the administration interfere in some way or other in Tennessee affairs. Of course he will meet with no success.

Senter's majority will reach 70,000.

THE DOMINION.

Fires—The Annexation Movement in Nova Scotia—Premier Archer—The Silver Export Movement, Etc.

GUELPH, Canada, Aug. 9.—Smith's oatmeal mill, at Oberfrelda, was totally destroyed by fire yesterday. Loss $20,000.

PORT HOPE, Ontario, Aug. 9.—The brick block on John street, in which was situated the Cairo hotel and several stores, was destroyed by fire last night. Loss $30,000.

HALIFAX, August 9.—There has been recently an interesting discussion among the party in the Province favorable to annexation to the United States as the best policy to be adopted to obtain the desired end. The party consists of two divisions, one of which advocates immediate annexation and the other agitation for a few years longer. The dependence as certain to lead to no desirable result. They are determined to stick to the banner of complete severance from Great Britain. The temporary policy of some repeal leaders does not meet with the approval of many of their political friends.

Prince Arthur is expected to arrive here in the steamer City of Paris on or about the 22d inst. It is probable that other remaining in this city for a few days he will proceed to Charlottetown and afterward to St. John's, N. B., thence to Fredericktown and Quebec via St. John's River.

MONTREAL, Aug. 8.—Mr. Weir is recognized as the Premier-elect of Quebec. He is well supported by former subscriptions. Action so far has had a decided effect on the [illegible] party. Rising 5s in sterling, 5 per cent. He proposes to export $150,000 to complete his contract.

ALBANY.

The Susquehanna Railroad War Fully Ended.

ALBANY, August 9.—The testimony was taken and arguments heard before Judge Peckham this morning, in the matter of the contesting receivers for the Susquehanna railroad, and the judge has decided that Hon. R. H. Pruyn is the legally appointed receiver, and Jas. Fisk, Jr., is not. This gives the Ramsey interest full possession of the road, and they are now in charge.

LATER.—*Albany, Aug. 9.*—The report sent this morning that Judge Peckham had decided that Mr. Pruyn was legally appointed receiver of the Albany and Susquehanna railroad was incorrect. The question has been referred to the general term, and he will take testimony in the matter and report on Thursday. Judge Peckham this morning issued an injunction restraining Fisk in short terms, on August 16th, why he should not be enjoined and restrained from taking any further steps in acting or attempting to act as receiver. In the mean time he holds his position as receiver, and the Ramsey interest has assumed control of the road.

Another Cause of the War—The Fish Interest at Brighton.

BRIGHTON, Aug. 9.—The Brighton Sheriff Brown seized the office and wharf and rolling stock of the Albany and Susquehanna railroad he could get no one to run the road. Mr. Fisk, of Judge Barnard, of New York; Mr. Van Tyle, of this city, has been appointed receiver, and has assumed charge. Three engines were seized by the sheriff, and one escaped, and it is probably making good time to Albany. The engine from the Erie railway was placed on the 5:30 passenger train, but was not allowed to leave the track at the depot. The train started, however, at five o'clock, drawn by the Erie engine and in charge of an Erie conductor. Superintendent Pratt, of the Erie railroad, has been in consultation with Judge Barnard, of Albany, and Susquehanna railroad by Jas. Fisk, Jr., as receiver.

THE PACIFIC.

Treasure Shipped—Arrest of Reddy the Blacksmith—Vice President Colfax.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 9.—The steamer Sacramento sailed for Panama to-day with $650,000.

Detectives Woodbridge and Dunckley, of New York, have arrested Wm. Farley, alias Reddy the Blacksmith, and will return with the prisoner in a few days.

Vice President Colfax and party reached Virginia City, Nevada, on Monday, and received a salute of 100 guns. The city was decorated with flags and much enthusiasm was manifested.

THE COURTS.

LOUISVILLE CITY COURT,

HON. R. B. CRAIG, JUDGE.

MONDAY, AUG. 9, 1869.

For drunkenness and disorderly conduct: F. Smith, Rainer, John Reardon, George Hubbard, John Armstrong, James Mahoney, Mary Hicks, a man Pope, and L. Trout, fined $5 each; John Gardner, fined $3; John McNeeb, a man Buchanan, fined $5 and held in $100 each for one month; Wm. Wilson, fined $5 and held in $100 for two months; John Anderson, Dick Anderson, and Mill. Rose, fined $5 each; Richard Pollard, fined $100 each for six months; Henry Sprauls, Jeff. Spriggs, and Hose ar A. Clark, discharged.

Judith Harris, arson; continued by consent until Friday, with defendant held in bond of $500.

James McCoy, shooting and wounding Martin O'Neil; discharged on motion of Common wealth's Attorney.

Jack Johnson, assault and battery upon Jacob Spiggy; suspended.

Wm. Al. Yander, stealing iron from the Louisville and Portland railroad; discharged.

Nelson Krull, shooting at Chris. Krug without wounding; held in $600 to answer.

Samuel Williams, stealing clothing from J. Gilmore; continued until Tuesday.

Ernest Sieg, disturbing wedding and money from J. Miller and John Stoley; continued until Tuesday.

Michael Hart, shooting and wounding Richard Bagan with intent to kill; $400 to answer Tuesday.

Chas. Bell, stealing 80c from James Hart; $100 to answer.

Daniel Fulcrath, shooting and wounding Thos. Nocturn, a small boy; $500 to answer Tuesday.

John Leidner, insane prisoner; $100 to answer Tuesday.

Jerry Cloud, drunkenness and abuse of his family; $100 to answer.

JEFFERSON COUNTY COURT.

HON. W. B. HOKE, JUDGE.

MONDAY, August 9, 1869.

Will of Jacob Raby, deceased, proven and ordered to be recorded.

Louisa Reny appointed executrix of Jacob Raby, deceased, without security, as requested in the will.

Wm. G. Stubble, Wm. Berry, and Adam Lazzo, appointed appraisers of the estate of Jacob Raby, deceased.

The following persons were appointed administrators:

Jacob Lesterle, administrator of Cath. R. Lesterle, deceased, with Fred. J. Lesterle, security.

Henrietta Biehl, administratrix of Daniel Richey, deceased, without security.

Rachel Scrubbs, administrator of Thomas Scrubbs, deceased, with Jerry Beard, security.

Henry Poole, administrator of George Poole, deceased, with Jerry Beard, security.

Harry Beard, administrator of Martin Beard, deceased, with O.M

Courier-Journal.

TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 10, 1869.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.

THE DAILY.

One year.....$12
Six months.....6
Three months.....3
One month.....1

THE WEEKLY.

One copy, one year.....$2
Two copies, one year.....3
Five copies, one year, each.....2
Ten copies, one year, each.....1 50
Twenty copies, one year, each.....1 25

KENTUCKY NEWS.

A postoffice is to be established at Clinton Hickman county.

A Sunday School has been lately organized at Corinth, Hickman county.

Graves has the honor of being the only county in the Jackson Purchase of voting against the school tax.

The new Methodist church in Trigg county, between Hopkinsville and Eddyville, will be dedicated on the 29th.

An extensive distillery has been erected by Pogue, Dean & Co., at Maysville, and will be in running order in a few weeks.

At Clinton, Ky., on Monday last, Robt. Hales came near shooting four men in the attempt to kill Wm. Clark. Clark had run away with Hales' wife.

Mr. John Hyle, who lives on the Carrollcreek road, in the lower part of Carroll county, has two ewes, each of which in March last gave birth to a lamb. A few days ago the same ewes had three lambs, one having two, the other one.

It seems that after all the sleeping women at Bolton county have died. The Owensboro Display says the "Sunday Courier-Journal" has left to exhausting the death of the sleeping wonder. She is not dead, but the Courier advertised itself by making the announcement, which was extensively copied."

The Hopkinsville Conservative says: "Since our last issue Christian county has suffered the loss of one of her best citizens. A short but painful illness has, a good citizen, a pious christian, kind and generous to a fault, the death of Lewis A. Walker, who departed this life on the 1st of the month, is universally lamented by all who knew him.

The Columbus Dispatch says: "Contractors are now ready to commence to talk part of the State, but just now the Columbus and Mooreroad is an especial recipient of anathemas, of which the road superintendent and contractor receive a due proportion. The bridge across the Obion is particularly [illegible] of jerky almost impassable."

Thomas Fore, James Barker and G. M. Mathews were arrested in Graves county for assault and battery on [illegible] and Joseph Peoples. The cases of Thomas Rose and James Barker were heard by United States Commissioner Purryear. They relied entirely upon an alibi, but the proof was very positive against them. They were committed to jail in default of a bond of $200 each for their good behavior and their appearance at the United States District Court in November next.

SOUTHERN NEWS.

Newnan, Ga., is without a jail.

An attempt was made to assassinate Captain Richerson, at Meridian, Miss., the other night.

It is reported in St. Louis that Hildebrand, the desperado, has made his escape to Texas.

William A. Bethel escaped from the Tennessee insane asylum on the 4th, and is still at large.

The old well on the square at Franklin, Tenn., after being closed for several years, has been reopened.

Henry Harris, of Raleigh, N. C., found in a bag of rags which he had purchased of a boy the body of a dead infant.

John Vincent, a baker, of Alexandria, Va., was assaulted by his son with a knife on Friday last and severely wounded.

Absolom Williams, Esq., for fifty-five years a resident of Lynchburg, Va., died on Wednesday last at the age of 86.

Adolph Dobrineer, in the employ of Kansler & Leon, at Kansas City, Missouri, was drowned at that place on Friday last.

The number of deaths in St. Louis for the week ending August 6th was 136, of which 97 were children under five years of age.

The dogs have been extremely destructive to the sheep in Pope county, Va., many of the latter losing nearly their entire flocks.

Young Forney, a son of the editor of "my two papers—both daily," who has been figuring in the revenue offices at Rosamond, Va., has been dismissed.

The county court of Buchanan county, Mo., have appropriated $250 for a display of fruits raised in that county, to be shown at the St. Louis October fair.

The fine saddle horse owned by the late Judge Gooding, of Randolph county, Mo., was recently sold by the executors of his estate at public sale, and brought $256.

Elisha Crosby, a soldier of the war of 1812, died in Petersburg, Virginia, on Wednesday last at the age of eighty-six. He died poor and leaves a dependent widow.

The roof of the Confederate armory, near Macon, Ga., has been gradually falling in the past week, and on Thursday night a large portion of it fell with a crash that startled the natives in the neighborhood.

On Wednesday last a difficulty occurred at Mississippi City between Mr. Albert Greene and Dr. Latham. Green slapped the Doctor in the face, when upon the latter procured a shot-gun and shot Greene, killing him instantly.

J. W. Griffith, of Clarksville, Mo., has raised fifty-three bushels of "Early Goodrich" potatoes from one bushel planted, not knowing what have been used in the family. He took from one hill alone sixty-nine marketable potatoes.

It is reported from Jackson, Miss., that since Yerger was remanded to the military authorities by Judge Hill, the irons he has worn daily since put under arrest, were taken off and he is kept under strong guard without manacles and chains.

The Tampa (Florida) Peninsular says: "There will be more cotton raised in this section this year than has ever before been made. Persons who have planted the Mexican cotton say that it produces more and does better here than the sea island.

An effort is being made in one of the churches in Cherokee county, Ga., to exclude from the church all female members who wear hoops, bankers, Grecian bends, small hats, or use cosmetics, paint, or other appliances to make an external show "for man's imitation given."

A black man named Rozell was killed in a fearful fight in a barn, near Brentwood, Tenn., on Friday last, by a white man named Carr. The negro attacked Carr with a hay fork, stabbing him several times. Carr shot three times, the cap only snapping, but the fourth shot took effect, killing the negro instantly.

Bears are reported as very numerous in the Tallahatchie bottom this season, and the freedmen are living high on fresh meat. They have destroyed considerable corn. Two of the "varmints" invaded the precincts of Batesville last week, for which piece of imprudence one of them, after a lively chase, was demolished.

General Robert E. Lee and his companions deny that any conference between them and General Walker, of Virginia, has been solicited or contemplated by either side. The General cannot be coaxed into active politics any longer than the truth delays which stamps out the accessible Seions which report him as in it.

The Macon (Ga.) Telegraph has the following curious item: "Capt. Wm. Bone submitted yesterday a black ball about three and a half inches in diameter, found in the stomach of a slaughtered beef. It was very solid and light, and had a lustrous black surface. He supposes that it is composed of hair licked by the creature from his own coat."

The Baton Rouge (La.) Advocate says a field containing fifteen acres of corn and the same quantity of cotton, in fine condition, was pointed out to our reporter in West Baton Rouge as the result of one white man's labor. The prospect is fair that a crop of over two thousand dollars in value will be gathered from this thirty acres.

Albert Lawber and his son, nine years of age, and Milton Rogers, were drowned in the Wyaconda river, a few miles southeast of Edina, Mo., on Sunday last. Mr. Lawber desired to visit his father-in-law, on the opposite side of the stream, and there being no skiff or boat convenient, attempted to swim across, taking his little son with him.

Mr. Willoughby, of Platte county, Mo., who takes a deep interest in the improvement of Missouri stock, has lately brought from Kentucky a superior Cotswold buck and ewe and the three following horses: Colossus, by imported Sovereign, one of the largest thoroughbreds and a fine race horse; Edwin Forrest, a trotting horse, eight years old; and Corinne, by Glencoe, out of Ariel, by imported Sarpedon.

A couple were married at the Everett House, in St. Louis on Friday, who had been divorced from each other for several years. They had journeyed in different directions during that period, and came to the conclusion that the "old fire" had not quenched ardor. The latter belonged to Oregon, Mo. The only witness to the ceremony yesterday was their own child, a bright eyed girl six years old.

The Huntsville (Ala.) Advocate of the 6th says: "The venerable Philip Weeden died yesterday, aged 78 years, 3 months, and 9 days. He was a native of Virginia, lived in Kentucky, removed here in 1826, when he established the Huntsville Democrat, which he continuously published up to October, 1864, when he retired to his farm in this vicinity, where he resided until his death. An honest, kind-hearted, sensible man, he had no personal enemies, and was a good citizen."

Of the crop prospects in Virginia the Lynchburg News of the 5th says: "A gentleman from the best tobacco-growing section of Amherst informs us that the prospect for even half a crop of this important staple was never more gloomy. In many fields the plants are no larger than when they were set, and it is impossible for them now, even with the most seasonable weather, to obtain full growth. The same bad prospect applies to the corn crop, which is irretrievably ruined by the long-continued drought."

A correspondent of the New Orleans Times, writing from Jefferson, Texas, in relation to the military trial in progress there, says: "A great amount of testimony has been elicited, leading, so far, favorably to the prisoners. The prosecution is founded mainly upon the testimony of Anderson Wright, a negro, who, it is said, but out of the jail with Banks and the others, but who managed to escape. The evidence of Dr. Pritchard, who was one of the prisoners, but who turned 'State's evidence,' bore very racy statements were elicited a day or two ago by the defense, from a negro named William Smith, who had been installed to be one of the witnesses for the prosecution. He said he was threatened with hanging if he did not swear so he was instructed, and therefore made affidavit to the effect that he was in the jail on the night of the killing, and identified various parties. But on better brought into court he stated that he was at home all the evening and substantiated the fact by the testimony of persons who were with him at his house, half a mile from town, while the shooting was going on. The defense has been ably conducted by some of the leading lawyers of this section, and will undoubtedly prove successful, as those parties most implicated by the witnesses for the prosecution have been proved by the most conclusive evidence to have been elsewhere when the deed was done. The cases comprising the commission seem disposed to do justice to the prisoner, the general impression being that a verdict will be rendered strictly in accordance with the testimony elicited.

A Pair of Thunderous Rebukes.

The election in Virginia and that in Tennessee are a couple of the most terrible rebukes that ever were administered to any administration in this country. If the President and his Cabinet do not feel humiliated, mortified, shamed, they must be as dead as Egypt's mummies to all sense of shame. In each of the two States named, the President and all his Cabinet ministers used openly their utmost efforts to secure the success of the extreme Radical party, and, in each of the two, their party was defeated by the tremendous majority of nearly fifty thousand. Even small Conservative majorities would, under the circumstances, have greatly disgraced the administration by showing its lack of power and influence, but such majorities as were actually achieved changed it immeasurably. The fact seems to be established that the administration's support is to a party an element of weakness, and its opposition an element of strength.

The results in Virginia and Tennessee create in our minds the best and strongest hopes as to the action of Mississippi and Texas. Indeed they tend strongly to change confidence in regard to those States to certainty. If the President and his Cabinet carry for their party these two great Southern States that are to vote in October, they will have to resort for that purpose to other influences than the underhand and illegitimate ones which they have exerted or attempted to exert in the elections that have just closed so disastrously to them and to their cause. Let us watch and see whether they will have the audacity to do what we all know that they will be glad to do unless they deem the experiment too dangerous.

We are naturally anxious to hear from Nashville and Washington on the subject of Tennessee. Mr. Stokes, as the public are aware, proclaimed in all his speeches before the election, speaking as if by authority, that his competitor, no matter what the vote might be, would not be permitted to occupy the chair of Governor. He did not say in so many words whether Mr. Senter would be excluded from the chair by the administration or by Congress, but his loud and audacious threats of martial law seemed to point to the administration as the power that would take the matter in hand. Well, the people, with a voice like that of the ocean in a storm, have met his threats with defiance, and now they await, with strong hearts and unqualling nerves, whatever perils may be in store for them.

No doubt the administration would like to execute all the threats thundered abroad in its behalf, but the idea of attempting to trample upon these fifty-thousand-majorities may have in it something rather appalling.

The Chinese as Labor-saving Machines.

The Chicago Post has an able and rather striking article upon the anticipated effect of Chinese labor in the United States. That paper says:

The Chinese immigrants to this country may be regarded as a vast labor-saving machine, extending its operations over a wide expanse, increasing with the number of immigrants. They are natural, the inevitable result will be that the laborers whom these displace will be pushed down, but pushed up. The demand for labor will be wonderfully increased, on account of its cheapness in the lines occupied by the Chinese. The man who do the hard work on our railways will discover new demands for labor, and can make as good wages as formerly, or better, with less of drudgery. The poor washerwomen, who now keep a home for drudgery for the support of her children, will find new demands for her labor, and if the Hire Chinese will her washing for a few pennies while she is earning shillings at some easier and better employment. It is certain that the cheapening of labor by machinery or other means antagonize thereto will greatly increase the demand for labor, and do it a special service. The Chinese will be to our hard laborers what the steam engine, the power of press, the cotton gin, the sewing machine, reaping machines and other farm implements have been to the mechanic arts and to laborers, elevating those engaged in these pursuits above the condition of olden kings and potentates.

We have grave doubts whether the likening of the Chinese immigrants to this country to labor-saving machines, such as mowers, reapers, &c., will hold good. The laborers, superceded in their vocations of mowing, reaping, &c., by the labor-saving machines, may indeed turn their attention to higher pursuits in which they can make more money and in which they are not in danger of competition from the machines. But the Chinese immigrants, if a machine, are a machine of a very different kind from any of the patented contrivances—a machine that can enter into vigorous competition with any of the laboring classes, white or black, in any and all pursuits they can engage in. The Chicago editor thinks that the German and Irish washerwomen will hire Chinese for a few pennies to do their washing and other drudgery, while they themselves earn shillings at easier and better employment, and a leading Radical organ boasts that the negroes will in like manner rise to higher and more remunerative grades of labor, hiring the Chinese for the merest trifle to do *their* drudgery.

But the Chinaman may not be quite ready with their assent to such nice little arrangements. They are observant. They are shrewd. They love money. They are quick to understand their interests. They fully appreciate their own capabilities. With industry they combine surprising ingenuity and adaptation to all kinds of business. They know that they can do whatever Bridget and Sambo can do and earn as good wages. It is not at all likely, then, that they will hire out their work for a few pennies to do the drudgery of the laboring classes while the latter are earning shillings at something easier and better. No, they will strike for the something easier and better, under-bidding their white and black rivals no doubt, but still asking something more than mere "pennies." And they are quite as likely to become free-holders after a time as other laborers and a great deal more likely than the negroes. The Chinese will inhale knowledge and wisdom when these shall be all around them in the air. Whether their coming smong us, if they come at all, will be a curse or a blessing, mortal man cannot know, but we had better not deceive ourselves as to their characters and characteristics. "Machines!" Well, they will probably prove as thinking a set of machines as human or divine power ever invented.

Then and Now.

Andrew Johnson, when President, never appointed a relation to office. From him, as from all other Presidents, relations sought office, but in all cases he repelled their applications. Like Jefferson, he determined not only to be incorrupt but to guard against even the suspicion of corruption. He had no men in his Cabinet who gave places to relations. His family and those of his Cabinet fared worse in respect to employment in the public service than any other prominent families in the country. Still, incredible as it may seem, he did not escape the imputation of favoring his relatives. A charge so odious the Radicals could not resist the temptation of making against him. He had a son-in-law, the Hon. Mr. Patterson, whom the Tennessee Legislature elected to the United States Senate, and the Radical organs, group-like, assuming that he had opposed the election, fiercely accused him of a disposition to quarter his family upon the country. Yes, that single election of a relative of his by a body over which he had no control and sought none was made the foundation and the superstructure of the revolting charge of nepotism. Clamors were even raised in favor of the exclusion of Senator Patterson from the right to vote in the Senate upon questions especially affecting the President. We will not dwell upon the contrast between what then was and what now is. It must forcibly strike upon all minds.

Women and Pistols.

The famous Miss Susan B. Anthony, editor of the Women's Rights paper in New York, speaks admiringly of a young lady of that city who often walks the streets, armed with her brother's revolver and pistols. Miss Anthony thinks this thought of general imitation. We trust that revolving time may not again revolve a period in which women will thus be revolvers. We think pearl powder more becoming to them than gun-powder, silver-locks than pistol-locks, night-caps than percussion-caps, hair-pins than hair-triggers, stringing beads on their tables than drawing beads on assaulting hearts than using rifled weapons, displaying petticoats than pocket-knives, and perfumed handkerchiefs than perfumed pistols. Let not Cupid throw away his bow and arrow and take to pistol-shooting.

CITY ITEMS.

☞ Attention, dealers in readymade clothing, gents' furnishing goods, and cloths, cassimeres, and vestings, to the sale of Daniels Lincoln's, corner of Fifth and Jefferson streets, this (Tuesday) morning, at 10 o'clock; afternoon sale at 3 o'clock, and at night at 7½ o'clock. Sale positive.

S. P. WHALEY, Auctioneer.

Shell Oysters! Shell Oysters!

First of the season. Fresh shell oysters just received at Rafer's Hotel and Restaurant. Also young grouse, blue-wing ducks, woodcock, and squirrels. Fish received every Mon and Market.

C. C. RUFER, Proprietor.

What an Eminent Chemist Says.

Read the testimonial of Dr. J. F. Barnum, the eminent chemist and proprietor of the well-known Louisville Chemical Works:

LOUISVILLE CHEMICAL WORKS, July 16, 1869.

Dr. Wintersmith:

DEAR SIR: I am acquainted with your formula and method of preparing your Tonic Syrup or Improved Cod Cube. It gives me pleasure to state that it contains no arsenic, but is strictly a vegetable preparation, and has, in my opinion, more than ordinary merit as a domestic remedy for malarious diseases. I have recommended it in several cases of chills and fever of long standing, some of them for years, and it has been in every case a perfect success.

J. P. BARNUM, M. D.

Nutritious, Healthy, the Best.

Dooley's Baking Powder is the most economical and convenient Baking Powder now in use. It saves the expense of milk and eggs, prevents the possibility of poor rolls, biscuits or cakes, and thus produces happiness in both kitchen and household. It is put up in tin cans, which are, to all intents and purposes, impervious to the action of the weather. One trial will convince the most skeptical of its superior qualities. For sale by grocers.

aul 6od3 eod7wTh.

Home Testimony.

Read the certificate of R. A. Gresham of the Louisville Transfer Company:

I have taken nearly all the Alterative medicines in the market. I have found nothing to do me half so much good as Wintersmith's Iodized Sarsaparilla and Bitters. R. A. GRESHAM,

Louisville Transfer Company.

A Pack of Cockroaches

can be killed by a single flask of Lyon's Insect Powder. Nothing else kills insects. This is their natural enemy. See that you get the genuine. It has Dr. Lyon's signature on the package. All others are frauds. Depot, 21 Park Row, N.Y.

☞ Wintersmith's Tonic Syrup or Improved Chill Cure is meeting with extraordinary success. It never fails when properly taken to cure the most obstinate case of fever and ague. For sale by all druggists.

LOCAL NOTICES.

G. D. Fitz, Dentist,

has returned to his office, after an absence of several weeks, where he will be pleased to see any who may need his services.

☞ Ladies will now have a chance to get some of the most beautiful Roman stashes and neck ties ever offered in this city, to be found only at 134 Market street. aug16-05

☞ All kinds of gold and silver watches, chains and rings, for sale at half price.

JUL. WELLMAN,
Exchange and Loan Office,
sul1 dif 134 Third street.

NEW GOODS JUST RECEIVED.

Fluting machines, scissors, pinking irons and punches, brushes of all kinds, dusters, white stone-china and porcelain ware, ladies' baskets in every style, work and key baskets, and new goods for housekeepers in general. Call and see at Rogers' House-furnishing Emporium, 146, south side Market, between Fourth and Fifth. au8 d3

Wintersmith's Remedies.

Recommended and for sale by C. Lewis Diehl, the eminent Chemist and Pharmaceutist:

Wintersmith's Tonic Syrup.
Wintersmith's Tonic Syrup.
Wintersmith's Tonic Syrup.
Wintersmith's Extract Buchu.
Wintersmith's Extract Buchu.
Wintersmith's Extract Buchu.
Wintersmith's Extract Buchu.
Wintersmith's Iodized Sarsaparilla.
Wintersmith's Iodized Sarsaparilla.
Wintersmith's Iodized Sarsaparilla.
Wintersmith's Worm Candy.
Wintersmith's Worm Candy.
Wintersmith's Worm Candy.
For sale by C. Lewis Diehl, Chemist and Druggist, corner First and Walnut.

au7 d4

A NEW AND USEFUL ARTICLE FOR HOUSEKEEPERS, OFFICES, &c.

Just received a full line of the celebrated Magowns adjustable wire window screens, keeping out flies, musquitoes, and all insects, and to a great extent dust, and allow a full circulation of air. Taken in all, it is the most complete thing of the kind in the market. Can be adjusted to any size window, and take up next to no space when not in use. Please call and see, at the agency, Rogers' house-furnishing emporium, 146 south side Market, bewteen Fourth and Fifth. au6 d4

WINTERSMITH'S WORM CANDY.

—OR—

Santonin Lozenges.

Wintersmith's Worm Candy or Santonin Lozenges can be depended on as a certain and effectual worm-destroyer. It is not a secret nostrum, but is recommended and prescribed by our most eminent physicians. For sale by all druggists.

jy28 d3f

☞ Building lots for sale on Chestnut, Madison, and Magazine streets, near Twenty-third street, by [ap18 d1f]. GRAVES & SON.

DIED.

WOOLEY—At 4 Stanford, Illinois, on Monday last inst., in this city, Miss MOLLIE E. WOOLEY, aged 23 years.

The funeral will take place at 3 o'clock on the 10th inst., from her mother's residence, corner Green and Clay streets.

GREEN—In Louisville, on the morning of August 9th, 1869, Mrs. ANNIE GREEN, wife of Capt. Orrin Green.

HUTCHINS—Friday evening, at 4 o'clock, Emma Moore, daughter of Dr. W. H. and Mary Patton, aged 2 weeks and 4 days.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.

This splendid hair dye is the best in the world; the only true and perfect dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; no long, disagreeable task; but produces a splendid black or brown, and leaves the hair soft and beautiful, black or brown. Sold by druggists and perfumers, and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, 16 Bond street, New York. 1d dec fly

The Marriage Ring.

Essays on the ERRORS of YOUTH and the FOLLIES of AGES in regard to SOCIAL EVILS, with advice for the erring and unfortunate. Sent in sealed letter envelopes free of charge. Address HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P. Philadelphia, Pa. mr22 ou3m

$100 PER DAY DISCONTINUED.

Having obtained an extensive and wide-spread sale for our "CENTRAL V" brand of Pinecut Chewing Tobacco, we desire to announce that we shall not pack daily fills in the small tin foil papers after this date. Jelly fish merits being so favorably recognized that their inferiority is no longer tolerated. To avoid misapprehension, however, we would add that we shall continue to pack every lb. grocers in 2-oz. papers. Price is our "YACHT CLUB" at wholesale, and "CENTRAL V" at retail.

The "YACHT CLUB" is a favorite of Neptune, and cannot injure the hands, and is especially recommended to people of sedentary occupations or perverse constitutions. The trade are invited to send for circulars.

jy17 eod3m P. LORILLARD, New York.

CITY ORDINANCES.

AN ORDINANCE

To improve a portion of the sidewalk on Sixth cross street.

Be it ordained by the General Council of the City of Louisville, That the sidewalk on the east side of Sixth cross street, between Portland avenue and Magnolia street, be and the same is hereby paved with [illegible] pavement.

And this ordinance or an ordinance approved the 3d day of September, 1866, entitled "General ordinance concerning the paving of sidewalks," and that said work shall be done at the cost of the property of the ground fronting the improvement, as provided in an ordinance approved the 3d day of September, 1866, entitled "General ordinance concerning the cost of improving streets, alleys and sidewalks, and paving with stones, stones and water improvements."

J. M. VAUGHAN, C. B. C. C.
OLIVER LEGGE, C. B. A.
Approved 6th day of Aug., 1869.
JO. H. BUNCH, Mayor.

CANDIDATES.

We are authorized to announce R. A. THOMSON, of Jefferson, as a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Representative.

BANKRUPTCY.

NOTICE—In the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky—In Bankruptcy. In the matter of C. A. RUPP, bankrupt. In order of Court, the creditors of said bankrupt are hereby notified to appear before me, at my office, in Owensboro, Ky., on the 1st day of Sept., A. D. 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M., to show cause, if any they have, why the bankrupt aforesaid should not be discharged from his debts. JAMES STUART, Register in Bankruptcy. W. A. STUART, Assignee.

NOTICE—In the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky—In Bankruptcy. In the matter of JOHN F. HENDRICK, bankrupt. In order of Court, the creditors of said bankrupt are hereby notified to appear before me, at my office, in Owensboro, Ky., on the 1st day of Sept., A. D. 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M., to show cause, if any they have, why the bankrupt aforesaid should not be discharged from his debts. JAMES STUART, Register in Bankruptcy. W. A. STUART, Assignee.

NOTICE—In the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky—In Bankruptcy. In the matter of LOUIS F. KRIBALE, bankrupt. In order of Court, the creditors of said bankrupt are hereby notified to appear before me, at my office, in Owensboro, Ky., on the 1st day of Sept., A. D. 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M., to show cause, if any they have, why the bankrupt aforesaid should not be discharged from his debts. JAMES STUART, Register in Bankruptcy. W. A. STUART, Assignee.

NOTICE—In the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky—In Bankruptcy. In the matter of JOHN MARTIN, a bankrupt. In order of Court, the creditors of John Martin, a bankrupt, are hereby notified to appear before me, at my office, in Owensboro, Ky., on the 1st day of Sept., A. D. 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M., to show cause, if any they have, why the bankrupt aforesaid should not be discharged from his debts. JAMES STUART, Register in Bankruptcy. W. A. STUART, Assignee.

NOTICE—In the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky—In Bankruptcy. In the matter of FOUNTAIN PETTY, a bankrupt. In order of Court, the creditors of said bankrupt are hereby notified to appear before me, at my office, in Owensboro, Ky., on the 1st day of Sept., A. D. 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M., to show cause, if any they have, why the bankrupt aforesaid should not be discharged from his debts. JAMES STUART, Register in Bankruptcy. W. A. STUART, Assignee.

NOTICE—In the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky—In Bankruptcy. In the matter of JOHN S. HENDRICK, bankrupt. In order of Court, the creditors of said bankrupt are hereby notified to appear before me, at my office, in Owensboro, Ky., on the 1st day of Sept., A. D. 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M., to show cause, if any they have, why the bankrupt aforesaid should not be discharged from his debts. JAMES STUART, Register in Bankruptcy. W. A. STUART, Assignee.

NOTICE—In the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky—In Bankruptcy. In the matter of WILLIAM CHEEK, bankrupt. In order of Court, the creditors of said bankrupt are hereby notified to appear before me, at my office, in Owensboro, Ky., on the 1st day of Sept., A. D. 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M., to show cause, if any they have, why the bankrupt aforesaid should not be discharged from his debts. JAMES STUART, Register in Bankruptcy. W. A. STUART, Assignee.

NOTICE—In the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky—In Bankruptcy. In the matter of R. L. NEWMAN, a bankrupt. In the order of said Court, the creditors of said bankrupt are hereby notified to appear before me, at my office, in Owensboro, Ky., on the 1st day of Sept., A. D. 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M., to show cause, if any they have, why the bankrupt aforesaid should not be discharged from his debts. JAMES STUART, Register in Bankruptcy. W. A. STUART, Assignee.

NOTICE—In the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky—In Bankruptcy. In the matter of T. P. MOORE, a bankrupt. In order of Court, the creditors of T. P. Moore, a bankrupt,

WANTED.

WANTED—SITUATION—As bookkeeper, book-keeper and salesman, or would travel for wholesale house; have had 10 years' experience; can furnish the best of city reference; will work for small salary to commence with. Address, for two weeks, "BOOKKEEPER," Courier-Journal office.

WANTED—Carpenters, 1 builder, 1 sidewalker, 2 stone-masons, 1 bricklayer, 1 plasterer, 1 painter, 1 tinner, 1 gas-fitter, 50 laborers. 10 partners with $500 to $1,000 each to engage in a manufacturing business; a rare chance; a splendid opportunity. Apply or address GOODMAN & CHESHIRE, Contractors and Builders, 1st and Jefferson streets.

WANTED—SALESMAN—Apply to L. H. MC-GRORE, 542 1/2 Jefferson street, between Third and Fourth, between Nos. 108 A and 110, up stairs.

WANTED—AN ENERGETIC YOUNG MAN—To be trained as a wholesale liquor salesman by well established house. Must be well recommended. Apply by letter, stating salary, to "ENERGY," Courier-Journal office. sat

WANTED—A SITUATION—By a lady of many years' experience as a first-class cook. Call at 1016 Green street. Apply at 254 Fourth street. sat dif

WANTED—SITUATION AS TEACHER—A lady of experience as music teacher would like to secure a situation in a respectable family. Address, for two weeks, "MUSIC," Courier-Journal, Louisville, Ky.

WANTED—A GIRL—White or colored, to cook, wash, and do the housework of a small family. To one who can come well recommended will be given $3 per week. A nurse girl is wanted. Call at 157 Third street, between Breckinridge and Kentucky.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE—Employment by a good hostler and salesman, or would purchase interest in livery stable. Can furnish the best of city reference. Address HOSLER, Courier-Journal office.

WANTED—SITUATION—By a young lady, to do light housework. Call at 1st house on Fourth street, between Kentucky and Main. 1t*

WANTED—SITUATION—By a young man, to work in a grocery store. Address "GROCERY," Courier-Journal office. sat dif

WANTED—TO RENT—A small house or cottage, containing from 4 to 6 rooms, by the 1st of September or sooner. Address, with price and description of house, "TENANT," Courier-Journal office, stating locality and price. sat dif

WANTED—TO SELL—BOOK STORE—For cash or trade. For particulars address box 147, Bowling Green, Ky. jy8 dif

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—AGENTS—$20 A DAY—To make and sell Scott's Ice Cream Freezers. $5 will buy a freezer that will freeze a gallon of cream in 4 minutes. Best size for family use, $7. Also, Scott's Ice Cream Powders, 25c per package. Agents wanted in every city and town in the United States. Address, for circulars, SCOTT & CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

WANTED—AGENTS—To Do Solid Mutual Life Work. We can give employment to active, city or country men. Address, with stamp, for particulars, MUTUAL LIFE, Louisville, Ky. 1t

FOR SALE—CITY.

FOR SALE—A SO. 1 RETAIL GROCERY—Doing a business to sufficient extent to support a family. Reasons for selling, ill health. Will be sold for cash. No one need apply with less than $1,000. Address, for two weeks, "GROCERY," Courier-Journal office. sat dif

FOR SALE—A NICE BUILDING LOT—For cash or a 2-story dwelling; unexceptionable neighborhood; must not cost on the street. Will take one-eighth interest in good saw-mill, or in a safe loan with valuable improvement. Apply to BUCKNER & SHAFFER, or Chas. Cheshire, Courier-Journal office.

FOR SALE—RESIDENCE—The undersigned offers his residence, situated on Chestnut, between 4th and 5th streets, for sale. The lot is 60 feet front by 150 to a 20-foot alley. Improvements good. This property is well worth $12,000, and I offer it, with other city property, would be exchange for good and well-improved farm either on the Louisville and Frankfort Railroad or on the Nashville road. WM. E. GILDEY. sat dif

FOR SALE OR RENT—HOUSE AND LOT—A good, desirable home, on west side, 1 room, 2 halls, water, gas, stable, and carriage house; all in the order, nearly finished, in an unobjectionable neighborhood. The furniture can be had if desired. Will exchange for vacant lot or small house. Will sell without furniture for $4,000. For further particulars apply to or address GOODMAN & CHESHIRE, Contractors and Builders, 1st and Jefferson streets. sat dec23

FOR SALE—A SMALL DRUG STORE—Apply at 1st house on Fourth street, between Kentucky and Main. sat dif

FOR SALE—STORE AND DWELLING—On Fourth street, between Kentucky and Main. Apply at 1st house on Fourth street. sat dif

FOR SALE—SITUATION AS TEACHER—A lady of experience as music teacher would like to secure a situation in a respectable family. Address, for two weeks, "MUSIC," Courier-Journal, Louisville, Ky.

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WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—AGENTS—$20 A DAY—To make and sell Scott's Ice Cream Freezers. $5 will buy a freezer that will freeze a gallon of cream in 4 minutes. Best size for family use, $7. Also, Scott's Ice Cream Powders, 25c per package. Agents wanted in every city and town in the United States. Address, for circulars, SCOTT & CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

WANTED—AGENTS—The De Soto Mutual Life Ins. Co. has given employment to several city solicitors with the most satisfactory results. Those wishing permanent employment will call at the office, Fourth street, bet. Main and Court. sat dif

FOR SALE—CITY.

FOR SALE—A SO. 1 RETAIL GROCERY—Doing a business to sufficient extent to support a family. Reasons for selling, ill health. Will be sold for cash. No one need apply with less than $1,000. Address, for two weeks, "GROCERY," Courier-Journal office. sat dif

FOR SALE—A NICE BUILDING LOT—For cash or a 2-story dwelling; unexceptionable neighborhood; must not cost on the street. Will take one-eighth interest in good saw-mill, or in a safe loan with valuable improvement. Apply to BUCKNER & SHAFFER, or Chas. Cheshire, Courier-Journal office.

FOR SALE—RESIDENCE—The undersigned offers his residence, situated on Chestnut, between 4th and 5th streets, for sale. The lot is 60 feet front by 150 to a 20-foot alley. Improvements good. This property is well worth $12,000, and I offer it, with other city property, would be exchange for good and well-improved farm either on the Louisville and Frankfort Railroad or on the Nashville road. WM. E. GILDEY. sat dif

FOR SALE OR RENT—HOUSE AND LOT—A good, desirable home, on west side, 1 room, 2 halls, water, gas, stable, and carriage house; all in the order, nearly finished, in an unobjectionable neighborhood. The furniture can be had if desired. Will exchange for vacant lot or small house. Will sell without furniture for $4,000. For further particulars apply to or address GOODMAN & CHESHIRE, Contractors and Builders, 1st and Jefferson streets. sat dec23

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WANTED—TO SELL—BOOK STORE—For cash or trade. For particulars address box 147, Bowling Green, Ky. jy8 dif

FOR SALE—COUNTRY.

FOR SALE—FRUIT CHOP AND FARM—Built by John Bellow Louisville, Ky., and five miles above Jeffersonville, Ind., on the Ohio river, Kentucky side, my empty fruit chop on this river, consisting of 1,000 acres very fine timber, and fine pasturing, and 60 trees assorted apples, peaches, pears, cherries, and locust trees, reserved for cases for canning, drying, and packing. Cooperage and shipping facilities perfect. I will also sell my farm, with or without the above fruit, containing 440 acres, 300 of which is best bottom land, with over 30 rooms, 3 tenant houses, barn, hay-press, and all the machinery farm buildings, farm implements, 50 tons hay in barn, and household furniture if desired. Also, 2 good 2-horse wagons, 1 good 1-horse wagon, 1 farm of Mills & Duckwall, 52 West Main street, Louisville, Ky. WALTER A. DUCK, Jr. sun dif

FOR SALE—COUNTRY SEAT—At Beard's Station, on the L. C. & L. R. R., is sited from the station improved house, containing three rooms and kitchen; fine water; woodland, orchard and garden. Price $1,000 cash. Apply to or address WM. WALKER & CO., 125 Main st., 1st floor, Louisville, Ky. No agents or speculators need apply. W. W. Peterson gives immediate possession. 1y2 dif

FOR SALE—FRUIT CHOP AND FARM—Letter for sale from chop of 600 acres of unsold peaches now maturing on my farm, about 75 miles from this city, and 15 miles to right of Old Dispatch trains, on the Louisville and Nashville Railroad. There is a Peters car on the station, where the fruit can be shipped to town at a small cost, and a good road from the station to the farm. There is also a good country road leading to the place. Distance from town, about 15 miles. I will sell the entire chop of 600 acres, with the crop of peaches, apples, and grapes of the latter of which there are about 4,000 vines in bearing; or, I will sell my whole tract of about 850 acres, Fruit and timber on the whole tract, and at nearly per the price asked. Inquire at No. 3182 West Main street, between Eighth and Ninth. Will exchange for unimproved property in city. sat dec23

FOR SALE—TOBACCO FACTORY—I wish to sell my tobacco steamery, located in Henderson county, Ky., and heavily insured; am about to close from leaving for unbroken Highlands of tennessee, a new country. Terms reasonable. Call on me for further particulars, across the proprietor, at Henderson, Ky. JAS. LOIS. jy10 dtw

FOR SALE—CHEAP—Farm and garden tools for sale cheap, and other articles too numerous to mention. Call at 1st house on Fourth street, between Kaple Rosetta, 1705 Jefferson street, between Fourth and Fifth. jy7 dtf

BOARDING.

BOARDING—PRIVATE—For first-class board, $3 per week, 164, southeast corner of Fifth and Green, with or without rooms, at reasonable terms. Meals at all hours. Reference exchanged. 1y26 sod6

LOST.

LOST—SHAWL—Between the first toll-gate on the Preston street road and the city, a heavy double woven shawl. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at the store of W. HEPBURN, No. 324 Main street, between Eighth and Ninth. sat dt

LET US HAVE PEACE AND SLEEP!

Bell's Coal-Oil Stove.

THIS valuable preparation has for many years been used throughout England, France, and many other parts of Europe, called Bickford's Aromatic Patroonage, being the only article ever brought before the public for thoroughly removing and those dreaded insects the Flea, Bed-Bug, Roach, Cockroach, &c. It not only destroys them alive, but by a single application prevents the eggs from coming to life. Unlike corrosive sublimate and all other articles sold for the purpose, which are deadly poisons, the Coalium is harmless to man or fish. Sold by all druggists and grocers. Letters addressed to CHAS. BELL, care of Mr. J. C. Landon, Grocer, Third street, between Jefferson and Main, will receive prompt attention. sat dif

JEFFERSONVILLE

Woolen Mills!

The Jeffersonville Woolen Mills Company has established at the foot of Spring street, near the Ferry Landing, Jeffersonville, a depot for the sale of articles of their own manufacture, consisting of

Blankets, white & gray,
Flannels,
Stocking Yarns,
Linseys, and
Jeans,

All of which cannot be excelled as to quality by the goods from any other establishment in the West. The above goods will be supplied at mill prices, thus saving to them the commissions made by wholesale dealers.

Goods cut to suit customers.

J. L. SCHAFFLEY & CO.,
Jeffersonville, Ind.
aug1 sod5f

U.S. HOTEL,
Louisville, Ky.
STOCKTON, LEAKY & CO., PROPRIETORS.
$2.50 PER DAY.
my27 dtf

HILL'S GOLD PEN
MANUFACTORY.
NO. 86 FOURTH STREET, between Main and Market, Louisville, Ky. Gold Pens repaired and made to order. Patent Lip and Pens. Letters & Circulars &c.

STENCIL BRANDS CUT TO ORDER

H. STERRY,
Architect.
Office and Court corner Main and Seventh sts.;
SOUTHERN, KY.
jy1 dtm

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—AT OFFICE—On Green street, between Third and Fourth, one of Hill & Bro.'s Patent Fire-proof Safes, or will sell it for cheap. Apply at once to Courier-Journal office.

FOR RENT—STOREHOUSE—The store-house No. 227 Main street, between Third and Fourth. Apply to W. H. WALKER & CO. jy13 dtf

FOR RENT—HOUSE—A large and well-finished house, on Green street, between Third and Fourth. Apply to or address GOODMAN & FULTON, 1015 Fourth st.

FOR RENT—HOUSE—The building known as No. 18 Nolan alley. Fronts Main, Green, Fourth, and Fourth. Suitable for wholesale liquor house or store-room. Apply to MORRIS, SOUTHWICK & CO., 2nd floor, Nolan's Exchange, No. 64 and 66 Jefferson street, between Second and Third.

FOR RENT—OFFICE—That desirable and well-located office on the second floor, between Second and Third, formerly occupied by the Louisville Savings Institution. Apply to or address MORRIS, SOUTHWICK & CO., 2nd floor, Nolan's Exchange, No. 64 and 66 Jefferson street, between Second and Third.

FOR RENT—DWELLING-HOUSE—On east side of Preston street, between Walnut and Chestnut streets. Apply to or address GOODMAN & FULTON, 1015 Fourth st.

FOR RENT—A SMALL DWELLING-HOUSE—On Eighth street, near Broadway, with 3 rooms, cellar, and cistern, in good order. Also for sale one new house, in good order, cheap. Apply to A. MAHAN, No. 3361 West Broadway.

FOR RENT—A COTTAGE RESIDENCE—With all conveniences, situated on Brook street, on the fair-ground road, half mile from Broadway, containing six rooms, kitchen, pantry, and cellar; large lot, with fruit trees, shrubbery, &c. Will be repaired to suit tenant. Apply at 1st house, corner of Brook and Broadway.

FOR RENT—FRONT OFFICE—On 2nd floor of the Bryan-Morel block, on Main street, between Fifth and Sixth. Apply at 254 Fourth street.

FOR RENT—HOUSE—A good dwelling on east side of Second, between Green and Walnut, all conveniences, and in first-rate order, with every modern improvement; good stable and carriage house on the premises. Apply to HENNING & SPEED, 1146 west of Second.

FOR RENT—SECOND AND THIRD FLOORS—Of the extensively located building southeast corner 1st and Chestnut, containing large and well-lighted rooms, suitable for a lodge room, vast small halls, Masonic paraphernalia, &c. Apply to or address HART & HAFOTHER, 118 & 120 West Main st. and dtf

FOR RENT—STORE—On Jefferson street, between Third and Fourth, the next door to Joyce & Barbee marble works. Inquire of EDGAR SHEARER, College, Kentucky. sat dtf

FOR RENT AND FOR SALE—OFFICE—Situation—The desirable office, with vault, now occupied by me on corner Fourth and Main, is for rent for the ensuing year. Possession given immediately. Apply on the premises to M. A. BARTON. sat dtf

STRAYED OR STOLEN.

STOLEN—A BAY MARE—About 15½ hands high; 7 years old; had a star in her white face. Was stolen from my house, in Mercer county, Ky., on the 5th of June, 1869, by a man named Felix S. Cooper. She is about 16 years old; dark complexion; and about 5 feet 7 inches high. A reward of $50 will be given for the mare, or $25 for both mare and Cool. JOHN W. TINDLE, Mercer county, near Harrods, said Kentucky.

STRAYED—COW—$20 REWARD—On the 19th inst., a red-colored cow, 7 years old, white in face and flanks, with white spots on her sides, and a calf with white head and tail. Above reward will be paid for the return of cow and calf, or information leading to her recovery, as formerly stated. T. J. WOOD.

STRAYED OR STOLEN—COW—A Holst and-Friesian cow, 5 years old, dark red and white. Any one giving information of her at 491 Fifth street.

TAKEN UP.

TAKEN UP—COW—On the 8th of August, about 1 mile on the road from Portland to Shippingport, a red cow, with white face and white spot on her back. Owner can have her by proving property and paying charges. Inquire of PATRICK CAREY, Portland, Jefferson county, Ky.

PUBLIC SALES.

Administrator's Sale of Land.

As administrator of the estate of James Green, deceased, we will, on the 18th day of September next, sell, to the highest bidder, on the premises, the farm on which said deceased died, containing 82 acres of land, more or less, lying on Bardstown road, 5 miles from Louisville, Ky. Terms made known on day of sale. WM. GREEN, Administrator. JOHN GREEN, Administrator. jy28 dtd

AUCTION SALES TO-DAY.

BY SHERMAN P. WHALEY.

Auction-room, 56 Market st., bet. Second & Third.

Dennis Lonsdale's Assorted Stock of Clothing, Hats, Boots, Shoes, &c.

Also, Stock of Clothing, Hats, Boots, Shoes, &c., belonging to THE CHEROKEE MORNING STAR, at 10 o'clock, at the store of Dennis Lonsdale, corner Fifth and Market streets.

AT AUCTION.

THIS (TUESDAY) MORNING, Aug. 10, at 10 o'clock, at the store recently occupied by Morris, Gray & Co., on Main street, between Second and Third.

Terms cash. C. C. SPENCER, Auctioneer.

BY E. F. THEATON & CO.

AUCTION THIS DAY.

A LARGE lot of furniture, cooking stoves, look-glasses, bedsteads, bureaus, &c., at 9 o'clock, at No. 59 Market st.

BY S. G. HENRY & CO.

Regular Sale of Dry Goods and Clothing

AT AUCTION.

TUESDAY MORNING, August 10, 1869, at 10 o'clock. S. G. HENRY & CO., Auctioneers.

BY S. T. MOORE & CO.,

Corner Fourth and Main.

Tea, Chocolate, Blacking, Cigars, Pipes, Tobacco, Soaps, Perfumery, Clocks, Jewelry, &c.

AT AUCTION.

ON TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 10, 1869, at 10 o'clock. S. T. MOORE & CO.

FUTURE SALES.

BY WEARTON & CO.,

Auction-room No. 509 Third street, between Main and Market.

ON WEDNESDAY MORNING, at 10 o'clock, regular sale. Boots and shoes, furniture, including 1 No. 1 Singer's sewing machine, 1 lot of carpets, extra-bottom chairs, center tables, marble-slab and painted bureaus, bedsteads, mattresses, feather beds, cane chairs, At 12½ o'clock, 1 young Texas mule and horse.

aug9 WEARTON, Auctioneer.

BY WEARTON & CO.

Very Fine House-hold Furniture at a Private Residence.

AT AUCTION.

ON WEDNESDAY MORNING, Aug. 11, at 10 o'clock, at the residence of Mrs. Walsh, on Walnut street, south side, between Shelby and Hancock, the entire furniture of the house, including handsome walnut and rosewood parlor furniture, in hair cloth and reps, elegant mirrors, marble-top center tables, card tables, fine mantel and marble clocks, rosewood and walnut chamber furniture, handsome wardrobes and bedsteads, mattresses, curtains, curtain goods, and all other articles used in a first-class family. Also, a fine lot of kitchen and dining-room furniture, including cooking stoves and kitchen utensils, and all other articles used in housekeeping. The building is brick, 85 by 40 feet, four stories high, with all modern conveniences, and is offered for rent. The building is brick, 85 by 40 feet, four stories high, with all modern conveniences, and is offered for rent. Also, a good store-house, on a wide, paved alley, with two new ovens, with a good gas attached, and in a good business locality. Also, a good dwelling on Green street, between Clay and Floyd, with all conveniences, and in good condition; with water power and gas. Also, a good dwelling on Green street, between Floyd and Preston, with all conveniences, and in good condition; with water power and gas. Also, a good dwelling on Green street, between Floyd and Preston, with all conveniences, and in good condition; with water power and gas. Also, a good dwelling on Green street, between Floyd and Preston, with all conveniences, and in good condition; with water power and gas.

Also, 1,500 acres of land, upon which send bills are filed in the office of the Clerk of the Jefferson Circuit Court for sale, and to which reference is made for further description.

Sale will be recited at the office of the Clerk and Master of said Court until the 20th day of September next for said property, subject to the approval of said Court.

Terms—One, two, three, four, and five years' credit, with interest from date. The property will be offered to separate notes with good security, and a lien retained for the payment of the purchase-money.

Parties desiring to examine the property can call on the premises, or on the undersigned.

aug4 dtsept7 J. C. WILLIAMS, Receiver.

Dick Moore & Son,

No. 144 West Green Street,

HAVE the exclusive privilege of posting on and distributing Bill-posters, Union Bill-posters, 57 Fifth street; can also Twelfth, Jefferson and Second streets; Preston to Lyon Garden; Portland, steamer and Main through Bob Sertoma. aug25

Kentucky Whiskies.

600 BBLS Bourbon County from 18 months to 4 years old;
100 BBLS Rye Whisky (Hardin County), 7 months old;
100 BBLS Nelson, Anderson, and Mercer, 7 years old.

For sale by W. H. WALKER & CO.,
125 Main st., bet. First and Second, Louisville, Ky.

Wines and Brandies.

5 Casks Sherry;
1 Cask Cognac Brandy;
10 cases Imported Table Claret;
In store and for sale by

W. H. WALKER & CO.,
125 Main st., bet. First and Second, Louisville, Ky.

KRUG & CO. CHAMPAGNE WINE.

WE are the sole agents in Kentucky for the sale of this fine Wine, and sell at importers' prices.

25 Main s First and Second, Louisville, Ky.

Heavy Canvas,

FOR steamboat decking, constantly on hand and for sale by JOS. T. TOMPKINS & CO., 72 and 74 Main street.

TO THE READERS OF THE Courier-Journal.

We desire to inform you that we are now ready with a large and elegant stock of SPRING and SUMMER Clothing for Men's, Youth's and Children's wear, made expressly for fine retail trade, and guaranteed to be right in every particular. Our thing we desire to have understood is, that all the goods we sell are thoroughly shrunk before cutting out in the newest style and well made. We are selling for CASH only, at a small margin for profits, and allow none to beat us in cheapness that will give you as good an article. We keep no common trash. We sell none but good and perfect goods, and guarantee them to be such. Should you visit our city you are cordially invited to call and examine our stock. Our Boys' Clothing will be particularly attractive. Yours respectfully,

T. W. SPRAGUE & CO.,
Southeast Corner Fourth and Vine, Cincinnati. m4 dced3m

MURPHY HOTEL,

MAIN STREET,

Bardstown, Ky.

F. G. MURPHY, Agent ..... Proprietor.
my26 sod3m

GUNS.

TOMES, MELVAIN & CO.,

No. 6 Maiden Lane, New York,

FOWLING PIECES OF ALL QUALITIES, suitable for the Southern trade, both double and breech-loaders also, in stock a full assortment of rifles, Pistols, Sporting Goods, &c. Sole agents for the GENUINE DESIGNER PISTOL.

For General Agents for "U. S. CARTRIDGE CO." manufacturers of Metallic Cartridges for Pistols and Rifles. 1y27 Thlm

J. A. FAY & CO.,

PATENTEES AND MANUFACTURERS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

WOOD WORKING MACHINERY!

VIZ:

Sash and Molding Machines,
Tenoning and Mortising Machines,
Scroll and Band-sawing Machines,
Patent Surfacing Machines,

Woodworth Planers and Matchers

Also, Shafting and Pulleys,

Of all sizes, with Improved Patent Matchers and Planers. Every machine warranted to work to what is represented or no sale is made. Send for circular containing cuts and illustrated circulars upon application by mail or otherwise.

J. A. FAY & CO.,
Cincinnati, Ohio.

BOARDING.

BOARDING—PRIVATE—For first-class board, $7 per week, 164, southeast corner of Fifth and Green, with or without rooms, at reasonable terms. Meals at all hours. Reference exchanged. 1y26 sod6

LOST.

LOST—SHAWL—Between the first toll-gate on the Preston street road and the city, a heavy double woven shawl. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at the store of W. HEPBURN, No. 324 Main street, between Eighth and Ninth. sat dt

LET US HAVE PEACE AND SLEEP!

Bell's Coal-Oil Stove.

THIS valuable preparation has for many years been used throughout England, France, and many other parts of Europe, called Bickford's Aromatic Patroonage, being the only article ever brought before the public for thoroughly removing and those dreaded insects the Flea, Bed-Bug, Roach, Cockroach, &c. It not only destroys them alive, but by a single application prevents the eggs from coming to life. Unlike corrosive sublimate and all other articles sold for the purpose, which are deadly poisons, the Coalium is harmless to man or fish. Sold by all druggists and grocers. Letters addressed to CHAS. BELL, care of Mr. J. C. Landon, Grocer, Third street, between Jefferson and Main, will receive prompt attention. sat dif

JEFFERSONVILLE

Woolen Mills!

The Jeffersonville Woolen Mills Company has established at the foot of Spring street, near the Ferry Landing, Jeffersonville, a depot for the sale of articles of their own manufacture, consisting of

Blankets, white & gray,
Flannels,
Stocking Yarns,
Linseys, and
Jeans,

All of which cannot be excelled as to quality by the goods from any other establishment in the West. The above goods will be supplied at mill prices, thus saving to them the commissions made by wholesale dealers.

Goods cut to suit customers.

J. L. SCHAFFLEY & CO.,
Jeffersonville, Ind.
aug1 sod5f

U.S. HOTEL,
Louisville, Ky.
STOCKTON, LEAKY & CO., PROPRIETORS.
$2.50 PER DAY.
my27 dtf

HILL'S GOLD PEN
MANUFACTORY.
NO. 86 FOURTH STREET, between Main and Market, Louisville, Ky. Gold Pens repaired and made to order. Patent Lip and Pens. Letters & Circulars &c.

STENCIL BRANDS CUT TO ORDER

H. STERRY,
Architect.
Office and Court corner Main and Seventh sts.;
SOUTHERN, KY.
jy1 dtm

Courier-Journal.

TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 10, 1869.

ROUND-ABOUT.

I.

Lodge in the Vast Stone.

It is understood that M. Ferdinand de Lesseps is to be created Duke of Suez, in recognition of his important services in connecting the waters of the Mediterranean with those of the Red Sea. But, if the *Salic of Florence* can be relied on, he is meditating even greater things than a junction of two oceans, and aspires to the additional title of Marquis of the Sahara. His new enterprise is to construct an ocean which shall cover the whole desert. Some time ago he sent engineers to survey the land route, at the suggestion of some African explorers, who had a theory that it was originally a great inland sea that had been displaced by a convulsion of nature. The result is now said to be that the Sahara has been found to lie below the level of the Red Sea at its nearest point of approach more than thirty feet, with scarcely more than the ordinary pressure as it recedes toward the interior. Obviously, in this case, all that remains to be done for the conversion of the desert into a new Mediterranean is to turn the waters of the Red Sea into the basin. A canal seventy-five miles in length will, it is asserted, accomplish this purpose.

II.

Sun Printing on Fruit.

A writer on Hearth and Home says that monograms, initial letters, or other designs can be printed on such fruit as apples, pears or peaches by the action of the sun, with very pretty effect, of either a light or a dark color. To do this, draw the monogram, letter, or design on a piece of writing paper, and paste it with mucilage or glue upon the side exposed to the sun. Just before the fruit begins to color, and when the fruit is ripe, and the paper is removed, the design will appear in a lighter or different color from the rest of the fruit; as for instance the experiment is tried on a yellow-fleshed peach with a red cheek, the design will appear in gold, surrounded with red. If the opposite effect is desired, take a small eyal or circular piece of paper, and cut out or pierce the letter or design in it, and paste it on the fruit, which, when ripe, will have the design in high color on a yellow or light green ground, of the shape of the piece of paper, and this again will be surrounded by the brighter color of the fruit.

III.

Post Cards in Austria.

A new arrangement has just been adopted in the Austrian postal service, especially to business men. "Post cards," as they are called, have just been issued, which can be used for any part of the Austrian monarchy for the exceedingly low price of two Austrian kreutzers (equal to one cent). These post cards are about twice the size of ordinary visiting cards, and are made of stiff paper, folded in the middle, and one of the outer sides is prepared for the address. The back of the card is devoted to the reception of the letter, and is also ornamented on the top printed directions for use. The cards may neither be sealed nor placed in envelopes, but just doubled up, addressed, and then thrown into the receiving boxes. Of course they are intended for private communications, such as require secrecy, and are very well adapted for business purposes, the transmission of orders, notice of the arrival or shipping of goods, and such like. The government retains the privilege of destroying all such of these cards as contain anything of an insulting or indecent character. The advantages of these post cards in a commercial country can hardly be estimated. Their adoption in America, we think, would be hailed with joy by business men. It would be simply the extension of the privileges enjoyed by newspapers to general correspondence. Might not the United States postal authorities just think over this excellent Austrian arrangement a little?

IV.

Mahlfeld's Great Memory.

Mahlfeld, the liberal Austrian representative, who died last year, had a most remarkable memory. A writer in *Neue Freie Presse* relates that when he read a financial report he would deliver the greatest columns of figures, without an slip-shod, from memory; and, having no notes, because his weakness of sight, nearly approaching blindness, rendered it impossible for him to read either printed or written matter. He has been known to read three pages of printed statistical matter on the register of landed property in Galicia, and to recite it entirely from memory and without an error. As advocate he would sometimes have a case on hand, and at the same time would perform his duties as a member of one of the committees and commissions in Parliament, engaged with the most heterogeneous and voluminous projects for laws, &c. He had, besides, the whole current Austrian code of laws in memory, and the required paragraph, with its number and exact words, were ever at command. His power of memory became a curse to him with his increasing weakness of sight. In his fiftieth year, when engaged as counsellor, he would make notes of the proceedings; but when he became nearly blind he trusted to his memory alone. He heard the case read to him twice by some one, and then was prepared with a thousand other things before the day of trial came on, when he stood up he was perfectly ready, and knew everything by heart. Not the slightest variation in the testimony of a witness escaped him, and the judge could cease him, he had not to refer for what had been said; he had it on his tongue's end. His memory is held in great esteem by all classes of Austrians.

V.

New Bronze in the British Museum.

The British Museum has been enriched by the purchase of the Londesborough collection. A southern Italy, which is as remarkable for its beauty as for its almost perfect preservation and unusual size. Its subject is a naked boy at play. His little body all life and excitement, he lifts two fingers of his left hand, while the outspread right is hidden behind his back. The game he is engaged in is that of mora (tocca), as played in Italy to this day, the self-same game which the Romans called micatio, and which in medieval Germany was popular under the name of "Fingerlein spiellen." It is played in different parts in the most common being, that the two partners suddenly and simultaneously open their clenched fists and stretch out a certain number of fingers to be guessed and called out at once by the adversary. Success in the game is said to be retained, by a rapidity of motion beyond control; and therefore, to designate an uncommonly honest man, the Roman used to say that you might play at micatio in the dark with him. It even became a kind of divination. Whether things were lucky or ugly, or important, such as human life or the price of cattle in the market were decided. Though in this new bronze we have but one figure, there seem to be traces of another—the partner in the game—once joined to it. Groups of antique players are, indeed, of not very rare occurrence. The group, as it stands now, must have had represented two little satilus, Cupid and Ganymede to wit. The hair of our little object—a cat magnificent curls, by the way—is arranged in a manner peculiar to Cupid in ancient art, but since he has no wings—things absolutely indispensable to a proper Cupid—he must be Ganymede. The new bronze is two feet five inches high—thus exceeding the tallest figure in the bronze room of the British Museum, and altogether one of the largest hitherto known, and it has escaped with scarcely a bruise. Its age is, of course, a matter of conjecture, but many indications to point to the Macedonian period.

VI.

Newport.

A correspondent writes that there are quantities of merely pretty girls to be seen, but real classic beauty is a rare article in Newport this season. At the Ocean House reception, Saturday evening, several hundred persons were present, with quite a large sprinkling of foreigners and uniforms. We have a live lord, one marquis, four counts, and a dozen others with long drawn out titles. A couple of French ladies, perhaps, attract as much attention, if not more, than any others out here. They are rather pretty, and have fine figures, but their beautiful blonde hair has most certainly been through the bleaching process. The handsomest toilette displayed at the last reception was worn by a New York lady, and composed of the loveliest shade of green satin with point lace trimming on the bottom of the skirt, and on the front *en tablier*. A point bertha covered the low body, and the hair was done low in the neck, with diadem of pearls, also pearl necklace, ear-rings and bracelets. Another was of blue satin, with a dozen rows of white satin pipings, and white satin overdress, cut square in the neck. Colored silks of every shade with white over-dresses are much worn; white Llama lace in berthas, sequed and over-dresses is also very fashionable, and for very young ladies puce-white toilettes seem to be preferred. Many sashes are seen tied across the breast, on the shoulder, with loops and ends hanging down the back, which is an agreeable change from the long worn method of simply tying them at the back of the waist, any fashion. It is quite the thing for every gentleman, and ladies too, to be seen with a small cluster of flowers in the button-hole at all times of the day, and small glass tubes, which will hold water, are sold for that purpose, that they may be kept fresh. These are adjusted to the coat or dress by a small pin and catch, and many of these worn by ladies are covered with filagree gold of the finest workmanship.

THE ELIZABETHTOWN FIRE.

A Fearful Conflagration—Three Hundred People Unhoused—Great Destruction of Property.

A FULL ACCOUNT.

[Correspondence of the Courier-Journal.]

ELIZABETHTOWN, KY., Aug. 9, 1869.

The standing walls and blackened chimneys fully attest the great calamity visited upon us. Twenty-four houses—all brick—some of them recently built, others modernized—all comprising the principal business part of the town, are now in ruins. The value of the property destroyed may be ascertained, the injury the town will sustain by being deprived of nearly all its business cannot well be calculated.

THE ORIGIN.

The fire commenced in an old stable belonging to the Eagle House, and recently used as a livery stable, but it was not in use at the time of the fire. There are many conjectures as to how it caught fire, some supposing it the work of an incendiary, but this is hardly probable, as the time it commenced was 1 o'clock P. M. The opinion generally entertained is that some men were playing cards in the stable-loft, and, through great carelessness, set fire to it. From the time the fire was discovered until twenty houses were in flames did not exceed thirty minutes. A heavy wind was blowing from the northeast. The scarcity of water, the extreme heat, the rapidity of the flames, and an inability to concentrate force on the corner that rendered it impossible to suppress the fire earlier. A sudden calmness is what saved the town from almost entire destruction. Many families are deprived of homes, but all are kindly cared for. The doors of every house were thrown wide open, and the homeless invited in.

It is truly gratifying that no lives were lost, and but few were injured.

Every exertion was made to stay the elements and to save property, men periled their lives, others were commended to stop fleeting exhaustion, with none to supply their places. The ladies did not look on in pity—they worked, and their services were valuable. But some men did not work; callous-hearted things with hands in their pockets looked calmly on. Some sat on benches and viewed the destruction unmoved.

A NOBLE THING.

While one of our merchant's stores was in flames, the people that went to rescue his goods were told by him to go to the assistance of those less able to lose than he.

COOL.

Another merchant rented another store while his own was in flames.

MARKET.

An enterprising householder on being applied to for a house, said he was not disposed to speculate on the misfortunes of others, but the man that paid him the most could get his house!

THE LOSSES.

While no accurate estimation can be made of the losses, I think the figures below will approximate the actual losses:

Thomas H. Duncan, two stores and dwelling above, $9,000; no insurance; Younger & Dunnigan, store-room, $6,000; no insurance; John Bohn, store-room, dwelling above, goods and furniture, $7,000; no insurance; Adam Beller, two stores, dwellings above and furniture, $10,000; insurance, $3,000; C. Hotopp, store-room and dwellings above, $18,000; no insurance; J. Low, furniture, carpenter's tools and bar fixtures, $1,000; no insurance; *E. & P. Railroad Company*, $200; J. Kaufman, store and goods, $4,000; insurance, $1,500; J. Trotter, furniture, $300; G. V. Mathis, druggist, $1,000, fully insured; J. W. Mathis, store and dwelling above, $7,000, no insurance; J. Wall, store-room, $5,000, insured, $3,000; J. Kyle, goods, $1,000; Cofer & Lambolis, drugs, $300, fully insured; E. Warlaks, drugs, $600; no insurance. B. Wintersmith & Son, goods, $1,000; no insurance. Wm. Hamilton, drugs, goods, $2,000; no insurance. S. Kaufmer & Co., goods, $4,000; fully insured. S. J. Foster, dwelling and store-room, $6,000; no insurance. Holmes Gardner, jeweler, $300; no insurance. F. Ranbold, two stores and dwelling, $9,000; insured for $4,500. Harold & Ranbold, goods, $2,000; no insurance. John Heller, boots, shoes, and furniture, $500; no insurance. J. B. Sleek, store-room, $6,000; no insurance. Cotton & Leedon, goods, $6,000 fully insured. Others sustained considerable loss. I su

Courier-Journal.

TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 10, 1869.

THE NEWS.

Gold closed yesterday at 139 5-8.

John G. Hawley, a well-known actor, died in New York yesterday.

The first bale of new cotton arrived at New York yesterday from Texas, en route to Liverpool.

McCools and O'Baldwin, the Irish giants, gave a sparring exhibition on Saturday night in Cincinnati.

The Cincinnati Union Retbel laid the corner-stone of a new building on the public landing yesterday.

Moses Burley was arrested and tried at Owensport, Ky., yesterday for shooting rollicksome tourists.

Bob Arnold, a negro, was hung at Washington, Ga., on Friday week for the murder of Thomas Thornton.

The corner-stone of the Convent of the Good Shepherd, a retreat for Magdalens, was laid in Chicago on Sunday.

The Ottawa merchants visited the water works at Eglin, Ill., yesterday. They left for New York last night.

The Massachusetts State constable has seized 30,000 gallons of six and two hundred and fifty barrels of whisky at Joseph Stahl's distillery.

Latest advices from South America report the season of Carnival as the most gay which the city of Quito is situated to be in session.

Henry B. Lloyd, agent of the American Free Trade League, arrived in Richmond yesterday from New York. His papers are up in all quarters of the city.

Walter Brown, the champion caiman of America, left New York on Saturday by steamer to Liverpool, to row a match for the championship of England.

A negro boy, about twelve years old, while passing on the rebel engine at Tuscaloosa yesterday, fell off and was run over. His injuries will probably prove fatal.

Rev. Michael Cragin, formerly well known in the West, has been arrested in New York for swindling. About thirty complaints were lodged against him.

Workmen at St. Roche, Lower Canada, are actively agitating in favor of making the next vessel for shipping the present exodus of French Canadians to the United States.

Three young men, Geo. Carr, Jr., John Clark, and one Lenhaem, were drowned at Cincinnati, on Sunday, by the capsizing of a skiff, caused by the wave of a passing steamer. The bodies had not been recovered last night.

The prisoners in the Holly Springs, Miss., jail put fire to it the other night, hoping, in the confusion, to effect their escape; but the jailor, however, discovered their attempts in time to frustrate it.

A fire on Sunday night nearly consumed the American House, an unoccupied hotel in Cairo. Loss about $,000; insurance $6,000 in Cincinnati companies. The fire was the work of an incendiary.

The dead body of Mowry Irons, who murdered his wife in Jasper last fall, Harper's, N. I., was found on Saturday in a swamp near the scene of the murder. He had evidently killed himself soon after killing his wife.

Thomas Shields, living in Jackson alley, Brooklyn, N. Y., was arrested on Sunday on a charge of causing the death of his wife by neglecting to provide the necessaries of life. The wretched woman died from sheer destitution and want.

A war had broken out in the Samoan Islands over a choice of a king. One battle had taken place between the rival factions, in which seventy men were killed. The British consul's flag had been torn down, but no Europeans had been hurt.

Yesterday morning, Philip Gilmartin, proprietor of the Lake View House, Cleveland, Ohio, supposing Stephen Hogan, a boarder, had insolently killed his son, Thos. Gilmartin, who the latter was attempting to enter the house. He has been arrested and held to await investigation.

The Correspondence Italienne announces that the English squadron has sailed from the bay of Naples for Spain, where it will soon be joined by the Atlantic squadron. This assembling of the English naval forces is intended to prevent, in case of need, hostilities between Turkey and Egypt.

The Chinese continue to be reinforced by voluntary emigration to the United States. Two hundred and twenty-five recruits from Indiana, Ohio, and Kentucky succeeded in landing on the 28th and joining Queen's forces. They carried with them arms and ammunition and a large supply of camp equipage.

Lieutenant Voce, in command of thirty United States troops who arrived in St. Louis on Saturday, is charged with cruelty in using a negro deck-hand on the steamer Wyoming down the Missouri river, by hanging him up by the thumbs until he could tie his hands, for the supposed theft of two shirts.

Bowers, Berkman & Co., an eminent dry goods commission house of New York, have suspended. Their liabilities are estimated at $2,000,000; assets large. A Boston capitalist is said to have offered to advance all the money necessary to carry the house through for a year, but it was decided to suspend and ask an extension.

On Friday night two boys, named Mahoney and Cahey, both aged 15, were roasted to death while sleeping in an ash pit on the Central Railroad, near Elizabethport, New York. They belonged to Bumbesheer. Being away from home they went into the pit to sleep, and the fires of a locomotive were hauled into the pit.

Ground was broken in New York yesterday for the new Postoffice. It is reported that extraordinary efforts have been made to have the building will be located fifty feet nearer the City Hall than first decided upon, testing that amount of space for the rapidly increasing business at the lower end of the Park.

Mr. Forbes, of Boston, had an interview on Saturday last with Gen. Grant, Prince and Marshal Serrano, during which the proposed purchase of Cuba by the United States was brought up. Mr. Fish was promoted to be present and Secretary of War by the American Minister. The proposal is as yet accepted in general. Mr. Forbes, however, continues his negotiations.

The striking tailors had a grand parade in New York yesterday, during which a well-ordered meeting was held in City Hall Park. The procession subsequently marched through the streets in such a manner as to demonstrate the arguments which have been placed on the strike. The procession was quite large and indicative of a determination to continue the movement in accordance to their demand for increased wages.

The steam saw-mill, owned by Calkins & Holt, of Muskegon, Michigan, was completely destroyed by fire on Sunday evening. The loss is from $30,000 to $40,000—insured for $27,000 in the London Assurance Society, State Rights, Manufacturers, Commercial, Firemen's, Garden City, Equitable, and Chicago Fire, all of Chicago, and State Fire, Cleveland.

At Shakopee, Minn., two girls, of ages named Anderson, each gave birth to an illegitimate child within a day or two of each other. Both retired to the adjacent corn-field, where the mothers both took place, and each one at the same time took her babe and threw it into the Minnesota river. The body of one of the children was found. One of the girls is said to have confessed that before throwing her child into the river she strangled it to death. Both girls are under arrest.

Jas. H. Day, formerly private secretary to Gen. Rice, arrived at Niagara Falls last Friday with a letter purporting to come from the Gotz Junta in New York, asking Gen. Rice to come to New York immediately with Day. Rice, suspecting the letter was a forgery, accused Day of treachery, which the latter was unable to refute, whereupon Rice gave him a severe and commercial horse whipping, from the effects of which Day is now confined to his bed. Rice begged for mercy, but none was shown him until the guests at the Clifton House rushed in and took the whip from Ryan. The affair created great excitement.

While two gentlemen and two ladies were making an ascension in a balloon at Neuphale yesterday, the Northern Railroad train drove the balloon against the belfry on the Asnieres-sur-Seine house. One of the men jumped out upon the roof of the building and the balloon being relieved of his weight shot up so as to clear the belfry. In so doing the ropes broke in the man called the lacing string, splitting the balloon wide open. It was filled by a breeze and sank gradually until near the top of the engine house, when it suddenly collapsed and fell, but fortunately caught upon a chimney, breaking the fall, and the crowd rushing under the car prevented its striking and all escaped.

On Saturday night a party of young men went to the City Hotel, in Nashville, and called for Joseph L. Barbour, of Hartford, Conn., in the name of Mr. Stokes, the candidate for Senator on the Stokes ticket. When Mr. Barbour appeared in the office they took him out and carried him toward the suspension bridge. Barbour seized hold of a lamp-post and while some were trying to pull him away others began to climb on the shoulders with their canes. Here gentlemen came up and interfered in his behalf and he returned to the hotel. Barbour traveled with Stokes during the latter part of the canvass and correspondent with the State Journal says he is considerably bruised but not seriously hurt. The outrage was without cause and is condemned by all classes of citizens.

Crowded Out.

The press of advertising and other matter on our columns for several days past has crowded out a number of valuable communications and letters which should have appeared before this, and which we will endeavor to find room for in the next few days.

Railroad to Virginia.

The following letter, from two prominent gentlemen of Montgomery county to J. J. Porter, Esq., President of the Board of Trade of this city, will be found interesting:

MOUNT STERLING, KY., Aug. 6, 1869.

Mr. J. J. Porter:

SIR—In addition to the general advantages of the route for a railroad from Lexington, Ky., east to the White Sulphur Springs in Virginia, so ably set forth in your recent letter to the Hon. W. A. Dudley, permit me to suggest the following: The route indicated by you will run from this place through Mendlove, Wells, Morgan and Johnson counties, and will strike the Big Sandy river nearer to Louisville and Lexington than the route to the mouth of Big Sandy. It will pass the forests of white and yellow pine and yellow poplar much nearer the interior than the old route, and from its equal quantity and quality some nearer the interior. Upon your route Louisville, Lexington, Mt. Sterling and Winchester will command the coal trade almost to the Kentucky line. On the other route, as soon as you reach Licking river it will go to the Ohio. The old route does not hit thirty miles of the coal fields, and that next to the Ohio river—and the rich coal and iron fields along it have been appropriated by speculators—and upon your route there can be obtained 100,000 acres of land because to induce northern capitalists to take $1,000,000 of stock, and there would be no loss when the road is finished, with what more than $1,000,000, and their stock will have cost nothing. The counties from this place east along the old line have once taken stock and lost it, and are unable and unwilling to take more. The counties along the new line are full of coal, and are willing and able, as we are informed, to take stock in it.

Yours, &c.,

M. M. CASSIDY,
THOS. TURNER.

Hon. Wm. L. Cunkle, Senator Elect.

[To the Editor of the Courier-Journal.]

Without any disparagement to the claims of any other gentleman whose name may be suggested for the post of Lieutenant Governor, and [illegible] of the next Senate, permit me to [illegible] from the Ninth senatorial district. He is [illegible] and will bring, if appointed, more than [illegible] serving as the lower branch of [illegible] to the State Senate.

BLUE GRASS.

THE CITY.

Thanks

to Mr. John Fortier, conductor of the "Eclipse" car, for late papers.

The Correct Majority.

Pegg's majority for Police Commissioner is 626 over Walker, and 1,344 over Doyle.

Wish Intent to Kill.

The First-street station-house records the arrest of Pris. Simmons, col., for cutting Thomas Smith, col., with intent to kill.

Broke His Leg.

About nine o'clock last night Harry G. McDowell, of the firm of C. H. Revill & Co., on Main street, between Third and Fourth, fell through a hatchway and broke his leg.

Four Shooters.

Deadly weapons continue to be used freely and recklessly in these parts. Four persons were before the City Court yesterday charged with shooting and wounding fellow-men.

Pounding the Notorious Sheepskin.

The war drums were again beating last night. At half-past eight a military company passed up Jefferson street and appeared to be bearing down on the Frankfort depot.

House-breaking.

Oliver Adams yesterday arrested and lodged in the First-street station-house, Dan and Anny Lawson, col., charged with breaking into the house of George Bailey and stealing $10 worth of property.

Probably Stolen.

Officer Trainor last evening arrested a negro man named Wm. Covard, who had in his possession a fine black shawl, which is supposed to have been stolen from some lady. It is at police headquarters.

Beautiful Peaches.

Mr. Frank Drane, of Jefferson county, sent us yesterday a basket of cuper's peaches of the Early Crawford var ety. They were by far the largest and finest we have seen this season, and we hear he has an orchard full of the same sort.

Large Potatoes.

Mr. E. D. Bristow, on the Bardstown road, a few miles from the city, exhibited yesterday some huge specimens of the famous Bermuda potatoe, of this season's growth. We have never seen their size equaled this early in the season.

G. A. R. Movements.

A charter for Post No. 13, Grand Army of the Republic, was received yesterday, and the new post will organize on Thursday evening, at No. 4 West Market street. The installations will be made by a post from Cincinnati, and there will be a grand banquet on the occasion.

Lost Pigeons.

In the upper part of the city a flock of pigeons sought their boxes during the eclipse, but when the sun burst forth they could not find them, and flew away rapidly, seemingly following the moon's shadow as it disappeared, and up to last night had not returned. We are assured of the entire reliability of this statement.

Devin vs. Kahn.

Kahan Davis has a bottomless mine a suit in Justice Matlack's court, asserting that Wolf Kahn, Catherine Kahn, and Adam Kahn, their son, have forcibly detained three rooms in the upper story of 122 one hundred seven, city records and flow away rapidly, seemingly following the moon's shadow as it disappeared, and up to last night had not returned. We are assured of the entire reliability of this statement.

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Broke His Leg.

About nine o'clock last night Harry G. McDowell, of the firm of C. H. Revill & Co., on Main street, between Third and Fourth, fell through a hatchway and broke his leg.

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THE SCHOOL BOARD.

Meeting Last Night—Welcome to the State Teachers' Association—The Grammar School System Re-established.

THAT SIXTH-WARD BUILDING AGAIN.

After some discussion the minutes of the previous meeting were approved.

The following resolutions in response to the State Teachers' Convention, which meets in the city to-day, were adopted:

WHEREAS, In the estimation of the Board of Trustees of the public schools of Louisville the meeting of the Kentucky State Teachers' Association, to convene in this city to-morrow, will be one of great importance to the cause of popular education in the city and State; therefore,

Resolved, That the members of this Board will be gratified to see in the list of names of the members of the Kentucky State Teachers' Association, appended to their report, those of the teachers of the public schools and the candidates for positions in the public schools, and their presence in this assembly will be regarded by this Board as a special compliment to the profession represented by them, and especially to those in the public schools of this city; and that the President, or in his absence, the Vice President of this Board be requested to extend to the members of the Association a cordial welcome to the city and an invitation to visit the public school buildings at their convenience during their stay here.

The Committee on Rules reported in favor of the minority report of the committees appointed to consider the subject of changing the course of instruction so as to have the third grades taught in the ward schools. This report of the Committee on Rules was adopted, which sets forth the reasons for the restoration of the grammar schools, providing that the first three grades shall be taught only in the grammar schools.

The question of purchasing the property on Chestnut street, between Second and Third, for the purpose of erecting a school-house in the Sixth ward, came up, when Major Kinney submitted the statements of a number of prominent legal gentlemen stating that the title to the said property is not good, and recommending that the Board do not purchase the same.

The following resolution was offered:

Resolved, That we recommend to the Mayor and General Council of the city of Louisville not to purchase the property on Second and Gray streets offered by Mrs. Carr, Mrs. Fulks, and others.

To which the following substitute was offered by Dr. Yandell:

Resolved, That this board is unwilling, with the facts now before it, to recommend the purchase of the property on Gray street, known as the Carr and Fulks property, and that instead that the chair appoint two members of this board of the Alderman of the board, R. F. Camp, Esq., member of the Board of Trade in the Fifth, A. General Clay, the Eleventh ward, and the City Attorney, whose duty it shall be to inquire into the validity of the title of said property and report to this board.

Mr. Robinson objected to the persons named in the substitute as having expressed a strong opinion, and suggested that Mr. Tidball and Messrs Scott and Tucker be appointed in their stead.

Without action Dr. Yandell offered as a substitute to the whole matter that Isaac Caldwell, Judge Bullock, Major Kinney and Mr. Speed, attorney of the Board, be requested to investigate the title to the property in question and report to the Board. The substitute was adopted. The committee will report at the next regular meeting, and the matter was made the special order for 9 o'clock.

The Board then adjourned till next Monday evening.

A TALE OF TWO CITIES.

Attempted Suicide of a Pretty Jewess from Louisville in Detroit.

A little before seven o'clock of one evening last week, the Detroit papers state, a well-dressed young woman was observed passing up Woodward avenue in that city, and from her peculiar gait and appearance it was inferred that she was under the influence of liquor. She proceeded up to the corner of Congress street, when she went into a doctor's office, but, not finding the physician, she went back to Woodward avenue, and walked down as far as Jefferson avenue, growing more unsteady in her gait with each movement. When she reached Jefferson avenue her actions attracted the attention of a policeman, who followed her into a drug store. Upon arriving there it was ascertained that she had taken some narcotic poison, and physicians were summoned who at once took steps to counteract the swelling of the throat. The woman seemed frantic and two men were constantly required to hold her. When she had become somewhat calmer she exclaimed, "Thank God, she is not dead!" and then the agony of her mind was doubled when she learned that she was not. She begged for the President, or in his absence, the Vice President of the Board to be requested to attend to the settlement of the Association's encual welcome to the city and an invitation to visit the public school buildings at their convenience during their stay here.

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THE KENTUCKY ELECTION.

How the Returns Foot Up—Radicalism Done for.

We have at last received data sufficient to indicate pretty clearly the result of the late election in this state. In another column will be found a complete list of the members of the State Senate, and a list of the Representatives elected so far as heard from. We also publish a comparative table showing the vote of sixty-six counties official, and fourteen reported.

THE LEGISLATURE.

It will be noticed that the vote is very small, but sufficiently large to show a tremendous falling off in the ranks of the Radical party. Last year we had seven Radical Senators. Four of the number reported, and three were elected Democrats; one has not been reported; in the 28th, Boyd, Radical, holds over; and in the 25th (the Newport district) Thomas Wrightson, (Rad.) has been elected by about 500 local issue, which divided and nullified the large Democratic majority against him. Out of eighty-six members elected to the Lower House, the Republicans return only five.

FOR TREASURER.

In the 80 counties reported Tate receives 61,471, White 17,061. Tate's majority, 44,335. Republicans of Kentucky don't vote for negro suffrage as they voted for Barnes when he denounced negro equality and said that it was all a rebel lie about the "Black Party" being for it.

THE PERROT TAX.

The eighty counties reported include nearly all those of the bluegrass interior which are most opposed to the school tax. Since the vote of 1867 in these counties foots up 37,561 to 44,315 against, there is a majority of 19,126 for the tax, and the probability is that the counties to be heard from will swell this majority to fifteen or twenty thousand.

The Eclipse at Mt. Vernon, Ky.

Prof. Stoddard, of Miami University, Ohio, who formed one of a party of observers of the eclipse at Mt. Vernon, left the following facts, which may be of interest to many readers: The party consisted of Profs. Stoddard and McFarland, of Miami University, Prof. Hutchinson, of Monmouth College, Illinois; assisted by Messrs. Christy, Scott and Oldfather, graduates of the University. The eclipse began at five o'clock and thirty-three minutes and some seconds, and lasted 1 hour 54 minutes and 25 5 seconds. The total eclipse continued 2 hours 36.5 seconds. The latitude of Mt. Vernon was found to be 37 21.56, and the altitude of the place of observation (Mt. McCall) 1,616 feet above tide water.

Killed His Best Friend.

Martin O'Hara, who was wounded by the accidental discharge of a pistol in the hands of James McCune on Thursday evening last, died on Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. His funeral took place yesterday afternoon, and was attended by a large number of friends. The procession numbered twenty-nine hacks, and those were paid for by the friends who accompanied them, a custom, we believe, among the Irish people in this city.

Mr. O'Hara was not a married man as has been heretofore stated, but was a mere youth, only eighteen years of age. He was highly respected by a large circle of friends. James McCune, who did the accidental shooting, is in great distress on account of the accident which resulted in the death of his most intimate friend.

A Lady Fights the Tiger.

Sunday night, one Peter Bennett, a middle-aged married man, lost one hundred dollars in a spirited contest with the royal tiger at 85, Fifth street. Yesterday, his wife, Emma Bennett, brought suit in Justice Matlack's court against Charles Stockwell and Louis Landauer, the alleged proprietors of the insatiate beast, claiming that the amount lost belonged to her. It is thought the suit will not be carried out, as several parties to be summoned as witnesses are persons who would readily pay the amount claimed rather than be compelled to appear in court in such a case.

Buried Alive.

Yesterday evening, while a number of men were engaged in laying water-pipes at the head of Jefferson street between the railroad and Beargrass Creek, the bank caved in, the excavation being a very deep one, and three men were buried, one seriously.

CITY FEATURES.

General John C. Breckinridge.

In another column it will be seen that General Breckinridge, associated with Mr. E. B. Meade, has accepted the general agency for Kentucky of the Provident Life Insurance Company of Richmond, Va.

Pigeon Shooting.

There will be one hundred pairs of pigeons shot at to-day, commencing at one o'clock, immediately above the cut-off, on the Point. Sportsmen are invited to attend, as there will be birds in abundance for all.

At Auction,

Ready-made Clothing, Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, and Gents' Furnishing Goods, at the store of Dennis Lincoln, on the corner of Fifth and Jefferson streets, on this (Tuesday) morning at 10 o'clock, afternoon at 2½ o'clock, and at night at 7½ o'clock. Sale positive.

S. P. WHALEY, Auctioneer.

Eclipse Photographs.

Five different views of the great total eclipse of the sun, taken by Mr. Rice, at total obscuration. Price per set, 75 cents. Orders by mail solicited and promptly filled. Apply to or address F. W. Almond & Co., No. 58, West Market street, Louisville, Ky.

Louisville Real Estate Bulletin.

This large and excellent paper for the month of August is ready for distribution and can be had at the Real Estate Exchange of Morris, Southwick & Co., No. 64 and 66 West Jefferson street.

Messrs. Sherrill, Pratt & Co., 182 Main street, near Eighth, have received sample numbers of "Sloan's Architect," which parties who wish can inspect.

Special attention is called to the advertisement of that beautiful residence, No. 52 First street, between Walnut and Chestnut, by Grubbs, Rennick & Co., 91 West Main, near Third street. Those wishing a cozy little home in one of the best neighborhoods in the city should not fail to see this property. It can be had on reasonable terms if applied soon.

What is the aggregate annual income of professional men, viz: lawyers, pay inland, chery and watchmakers, civil engineers, and so forth? What is the aggregate annual wage of domestic servants of all kinds?

The object of these inquiries is to arrive at a satisfactory estimate of our national resources, whether for production or exchange. For this purpose a correspondence has been opened with the different Boards of Trade represented in the National Board of Trade.

It is quite desirable that the intelligent gentlemen who have been elected to preside over that institution, should be induced to give the most some attention and contribute the most reliable estimates under the different heads above specified.

It is proposed to embody the result of this correspondence in the annual report of this office for 1869, a copy of which will be sent to each Board of Trade in the Union. A general commission with the request carried fail to elicit information of very great value to the best interests of the country. May I then rely upon you for a reply to the above inquiries by the 1st of September next? Your early notice of this will oblige to you for a copy of your latest printed reports.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

J. S. WILSON, Commissioner.

On motion of Wm. F. Armstrong, it was ordered that the Secretary answer the above interrogatories explicitly, and requested that similar information be furnished to the Board of Trade, to be published by the Board of Trade.

Mr. F. Armstrong, Esq., reported that the committee appointed by the poorest grand-children of the venerable and talented Mrs. A. Drake, who was one of the earliest and most prominent pioneers in the drama in Louisville. The Misses Chapman are now upon a very successful tour under the professional engagement of that excellent gentleman and manager, Mr. J. Ford, at the Baltimore and Washington theaters. They have secured Wainut Hall for the week beginning August 23th. In this connection, for so many years the home of their distinguished grandmother, the young artists are sure to be greeted in the most enthusiastic manner.

Fair Next Week.

A fair for the benefit of St. Michael's church, Brook street, will be held next week, commencing on Monday evening and continuing throughout the week. The hall in the basement of the church has been handsomely enlarged and improved by that most excellent organization St. Michael's Benevolent Society, and will be used for this occasion. Rev. M. Powell, the pastor, has received a letter from one of the ladies in charge for a handsome silver tea set, the gift of a lady. The fair is under a good and prompt management, and donations are solicited from all who feel disposed to assist in this good work. The ladies and the worthy and zealous pastor in liquidating the debt of the church.

Pigeon Shooting.

The pigeon shooting between Royal E. Lockett and James H. Shores came off yesterday at Green's fashionable resort, on the Louisville road, and Andrew Shipley were the judges. The shooting was at doubled birds from spring traps. Twenty-five doubles were killed. The judges decided James Shores victor by one bird, though there was a diversity of opinion, two judges deciding Lockett's bird out and one maintaining it was a double on the floor. Lockett proposes to shoot against Shores for $100 aside in twenty or thirty days.

Challenge.

We, Louis H. Mulholland and Nat. Simson, do hereby challenge Fred. Wolf and Louis Daubert to shoot a live pigeon match, race for a purse of $500, over the Louisville Course, we to row the "Norris Redbreast" and they to row the "Kentucky." Each bluewing contestant. If they will not row "double" we will row them single, this challenge to be open three days.

Witness, LOUIS H. MULHOLLAND,
NATHANIEL SIMSON.

The Cricket Match Yesterday.

A dispatch to the Courier-Journal, of the Kentucky Cricket Club, informs us that the return game in Cincinnati yesterday resulted in favor of the Union Club of that city by nineteen runs in one inning, the Louisville club playing two innings, in the first the Kentucky scored 42, and in the second 66, while the Union scored 126 in a single inning. Kentucky feathers down.

Fancy Bull at Crab Orchard Springs.

Col. Jones has decided to give a grand fancy dress ball at the springs on the 19th of the present month. The accommodations will be sufficient to secure a full attendance, for the popularities of these entertainments is well established. Railroad fare from Louisville and return six dollars.

More Sentencing in Prospect.

Louis Haibelsand and Nat. Simons have challenged Fred. Wolf and Louis Daubert to row a two or three-mile race, with certain doublescull outriggers, for a purse of $500, the crews to be either citizens of this city or Kentucky, and to be open three days, and is likely to be accepted.

Pigeon-shooting Postponed.

The pigeon-shooting match which was to have come off on Fifteenth street, beyond the Dutch Ditch, has been postponed.

MASSACRED BY INDIANS.

The Massacre of a Kentuckian in the Far West.

Three of the passengers who arrived by the mailboat from Cincinnati yesterday attracted no little attention. They were a very tall man and two children. The man, beside being the tallest among the passengers, was dressed in a manner well calculated to draw curious eyes to his nearly six feet in height, with head well covered with a heavy shock of hair, and a long, flowing beard, which, together with the stands, stables, &c., have been put in the most complete order. The purses are very liberal, and will be contended for by some of the most noted trotters in the country. We give below the programme for the week:

FIRST DAY.—First race, Gait House stake—For three-year-olds; two-mile heats; entrance $25; play or pay; to name and close 20th August; four or more to fill. The Gait House to add $1,000.

SECOND DAY.—First race, Louisville Course, for three-year-olds that never showed in public previous to August 1st; entrance $25, play or pay, to name and close August 20th; four or more to fill. Pool seller to add $200.

THIRD DAY.—First race, Willard Hotel stake—For two-year-olds; dash of one mile; entrance $25, play or pay; to name and close August 20th; four or more to fill. The Willard Hotel to add $250.

Same day—Second race, livery stable purse—Mile heats for all ages. Purse $250.

Same day—Third race, handicap purse—Mile heats; entrance 10 per cent. Purse $250.

FOURTH DAY.—First race, Louisville Hotel stake—For three year olds that never won a race up to August 1st. Mile heats; entrance $25, play or pay, to name and close August 20th. Four or more to fill. Louisville Hotel to add $250.

Same day—Second race, Fort House purse—Mile heats three in five. Purse $400.

FIFTH DAY.—First race, Railroad purse—Four mile heats. Seven to callions represented at $250 each; four or more to fill.

SIXTH DAY.—First race, handicap race. Particulars made known in due time. Purse $300.

SEVENTH DAY.—First race, Gait House purse—Mile heats three in five. Purse $250.

Improvements.

The Real Estate Bulletin notices the following improvements:

Gheen's row, situated on the northeast corner of Jacob and Floyd streets, consisting of a row of frame two-story and basement and twenty-five frame one-story and basement houses, is very near completed. One half of the row (or four houses) was erected last summer, and the row is now about completed. Each of the houses contains six convenient rooms, with all the modern improvements, and is finished in a style of elegance which cannot fail to attract the attention of persons of taste and culture. All of the houses in this row were rented before completion, and the balance will be rented at $720 a year.

Three handsome dwelling houses, erected by Messrs. John Hay, S. P. Myer and John C. Broadhead; brick stables, with metal roofs, are to be built, and, taken altogether, these buildings are among the most beautiful and convenient in the city. They are situated on the south side of Broadway, in front by two hundred and fifty feet deep to an alley, and the total cost, when completed, will be $30,000.

The work on Mr. S. S. Hamilton's magnificent residence, on the south side of Broadway, between Third and Fourth, is being pushed forward rapidly. This will be one of the finest private residences in the city, and will be completed soon after during the fall.

Mr. John Terry has remodeled and enlarged his residence, on the southwest corner of Floyd and College streets. The changes that have been made in and around the premises are very many, and make it one of the handsomest in the city.

Mr. O. T. Ball is making some extensive improvements on the two houses property he recently purchased of Mr. Simpson, located on the south side of Market street, between First and Second. It will be occupied by Mr. Ball as a hardware and cutlery store.

George Kilpatrick, Esq., has in course of erection a fine private residence on the north side of Breckinridge street, between First and Second.

Henry Whitestone, Esq., the well-known architect, is building a very handsome dwelling for his own use on the south side of Jacob street, between First and Brook.

Mr. A. Hubert has nearly completed a very large and handsome residence on the north side of Jacob street, between Brook and Preston.

A neat and well-arranged block of business houses is being built on Preston street, near Jacob, by Mr. Hubert.

Two excellent business houses are being erected on the southwest corner of Seventeenth and Main streets.

Mr. Danckert is putting up a large and commodious business house on the south side of Market, between Seventh and Eighth.

Launch Horrors.

Yesterday a lunch-punisher who went to the levee to gorge himself with food having just the wind shut off by a chunk of incorrigible beef that he had attempted to swallow after "chewing" at it until his jaws ached. He ran with all the might and power possessed to a Doctor, at Jefferson street, and, pointing to the great swelling lump in his throat that looked like the crammed carcass of an overgrown ball-frog, succeeded in making himself understood. The magnetizer M. D., seizing a powerful instrument, rammed it into the mouth of the frightened patient, and succeeded in ramming the beef down his throat, giving him almost instant relief.

The State Teachers' Association.

It is urgently requested by the Committee of Arrangements for the State Teachers' Association, which meets to-day, that all persons having lists of the names of citizens willing to entertain teachers will hand or send the same to the Secretary of the association, at the basement of the First Baptist Church, corner of Fourth and Walnut, on or before 12 o'clock to-day, and a section will convene at 11 o'clock. Delegates who have not had places assigned will report to the Secretary. The resolutions adopted by the School Board last night will be found in full in our report of the proceedings, which is published elsewhere.

The Sunday Times.

This paper appeared Sunday last in a new form and quite changed in appearance. It is now published as a quarto, and seems to be well filled with good reading. Messrs. Vaughn, Ames & Co. are the publishers, and Mr. Geo. W. Noble is also understood to be connected with it.

BOARD OF TRADE MEETING.

Information Wanted—An Important Matter—New Quarters, &c.

(Courier-Journal Official Report.)

In accordance with the published notice a meeting of the Board of Trade was held at its rooms yesterday, J. J. Porter, Esq., President, in the chair.

The names of Messrs. Carter, Fisher & Co. and Geo. S. Bryson, representing the Louisville and Cincinnati United States Mail Line, were presented as candidates for membership and elected.

The report of A. B. Shepherd, Esq., chairman of the committee on the Appalachian Mountains, in favor of her, was read, and, on motion of H. Y. Saunders, the report was referred back to the committee with the view of petitioning the Louisville, Cincinnati & Lexington to meet the requirements of Mr. Shepherd, and Messrs. H. Y. Saunders and W. F. Armstrong were added to the committee.

The following communication was read to the meeting:

"DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
GENERAL LAND OFFICE, June 26, 1869.

*"To the

Courier-Journal.

TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 10, 1869.

THE NEWS.

Gold closed yesterday at 135 5-8.

John G. Hawley, a well-known actor, died in New York yesterday.

The first bale of new cotton arrived at New York yesterday from Texas, en route to Liverpool.

McCools and O'Baldwin, the Irish giants, gave a sparring exhibition on Saturday night in Cincinnati.

The Cincinnati Union Bethel laid the corner-stone of a new building on the public landing yesterday.

Moses Hurley was arrested and tried at Cloverport, Ky., yesterday for disturbing religious worship.

Bob Arnold, a negro, was hung at Washington, Ga., on Friday week for the murder of Thomas Thurston.

The corner-stone of the Convent of the Good Shepherd, a refuge for Magdalens, was laid in Chicago on Sunday.

The Chinese merchants visited the water works at Elgin, Ill., yesterday. They left for New York last night.

The Massachusetts State constable has seized 30,000 gallons of ale and two hundred and fifty barrels of whisky at Joseph Stickle's distillery.

Latest advices from South America report the volcano of Cotopaxi, on the side of which the city of Quito is situated, to be in action.

Henry B. Lloyd, agent of the American Free Trade League, arrived in Cincinnati yesterday from New York. His parents are up in all quarters of the city.

Walter Brown, the champion oarsman of America, left New York on Saturday by steamer for Liverpool, to row a match for the championship of England.

A negro boy, about twelve years old, while helping on the work engine at Thompson's yesterday fell off and was run over. His injuries will probably prove fatal.

Rev. Michael Creighton, formerly well known in the West, has been arrested in New York for swindling. About thirty complaints were lodged against him.

Workmen at St. Roche, Lower Canada, are agitating a public meeting to consider the best means for stopping the present exodus of French Canadians to the United States.

Three young men, Geo. Carr, Jr., John Clark, and Wm. Lockman, were drowned at Cincinnati, on Sunday, by the capsizing of a skiff, caused by the wave of a passing steamer. The bodies had not been recovered last night.

The prisoners in the Holly Springs, Miss., jail put fire to it the other night, hoping, in the confusion, to effect their escape. The jailor, however, discovered their attempt in time to frustrate it.

A fire on Sunday night nearly consumed the American House, an uncopped hotel in Cairo. Loss about $50,000; insurance $8,500 in Cincinnati companies. The fire was the work of an incendiary.

The dead body of Mowry Irons, who murdered his wife in Jane last at Burkesville, Ky., was found on Saturday in a swamp near the scene of the murder. He had evidently killed himself soon after killing his wife.

Thomas Shields, living in Jackson alley, Brooklyn, N. Y., was arrested on Saturday on a charge of causing the death of his wife by neglecting to provide the necessaries of life. The wretched woman died from absolute destitution and want.

A war had broken out in the Samoan Islands over a choice of a king. One battle had taken place between the rival factions, in which seventy men were killed. The British consul's flag had been torn down, but the Europeans had been hurt.

Yesterday morning, Philip Gilmartin, proprietor of the Lake View House, Cleveland, Ohio, supposing him to be a burglar, shot and instantly killed his son, Thos. Gilmartin, while the latter was attempting to enter the house. He has been arrested and held to await investigation.

The Correspondence Italienne announces that the English squadron has sailed from the bay of Naples for Malta, where it will soon be joined by the Atlantic squadron. This assembling of the English naval forces is intended to prevent, in case of need, hostilities between Turkey and Egypt.

The Cubans continue to be reinforced by volunteers from the United States. Two hundred and twenty-five recruits from Indiana, Ohio, and Kentucky succeeded in landing on the 29th and joining Quesada's forces. They carried with them arms and ammunition and a large supply of camp equipage.

Lieutenant Voce, in command of thirty United States troops who arrived in St. Louis on Saturday, is charged with cruelty to using a negro deck-hand on the steamer while coming down the Missouri river, by hanging him up by the thumbs until he could not use his hands, for the supposed theft of two shirts.

Bowers, Berkwan & Co., an eminent dry goods commission house of New York, have suspended. Their liabilities are estimated at $2,000,000; assets large. A Boston capitalist is said to have offered to advance the money necessary to carry on the house through for a year, but it was decided to suspend and not an extension.

On Friday night two boys, named Mahoney and Cahley, both aged 12, were roasted to death while sleeping in an ash pit on the Central Railroad, near Elizabethport, New Jersey. They belonged to Shantedgers. Being away from home they went into the pit to sleep, and the fires of a locomotive were hauled into the pit.

Ground was broken in New York yesterday for the new Postoffice. It is reported that the contractors have been instructed to push on so that the building will be located fifty feet nearer the City Hall than first decided upon, leaving that amount of space for the rapidly increasing business at the lower end of the Park.

Mr. Forbes, of Boston, had an interview on Saturday at Madrid with General Prim and Marshal Serrano, during which the proposed purchase of Cuba by the United States was brought up. Mr. Forbes was presented to the premier and Secretary of War by the American Minister. The proposal was not accepted at present. Mr. Forbes, however, continues his negotiations.

The striking tailors had a grand parade in New York yesterday, during which a well-ordered meeting was held in the City Hall Park. The procession subsequently marched through the streets in which the leaders of the establishments which have been placed on the strike. The procession was quite large and indicative of a determination to combine the employers to accede to their demand for increased wages.

The steam saw-mill, owned by Calkins & Hall, at Muskegon, Michigan, was entirely destroyed by fire on Sunday evening. The loss is from $30,000 to $40,000—insured for $7,000 in the Lumber Mutual Security, Ætna, Home, Commercial, Firemen's, Garden City, Equitable, Chicago Fire, all of Chicago, and State Fire, Cleveland.

At Shakopee, Minn., two girls, of ages fifteen and eighteen years of a Swede, named Anderson, each gave birth to an illegitimate child within a day or two of each other. Both retired a short distance from their homes and each child took place, and each one at the same time took her live at and threw it into the Minnesota river. The body of one of the children was found. One of the girls is said to have confessed that before throwing her child into the river it was strangled to death. Both girls are under arrest.

Jas. H. Duy, formerly private secretary to Gen. Ryan, arrested at Niagara Falls on Friday with a letter purporting to come from the Cuba Junta in New York, asking the General to come to New York immediately with Duy. Ryan, suspecting the letter was a forgery, accused Duy of treachery, which the latter vehemently repelled to admit, whereupon Ryan gave him a severe and unmerciful horse-whipping. Duy on his knee begged for mercy, but none was shown him until the guests at the Clifton House rushed in and took the whip from Ryan. The affair created great excitement.

While two gentlemen and two ladies were making an ascension in a balloon at Wenham yesterday afternoon, a sudden gust of wind drove the balloon against the belfry on the Adams-street chapel house. One of the men jumped out upon the roof of the building and by the time he had soon being relieved of his weight shot up so as to unwind and fifty in advance the building; when the man raised the lacing string, saluting the balloon while open. It was filled by a breeze and sank gradually and went over top of the neighboring house, when it suddenly collapsed and fell, but fortunately caught upon a chimney, breaking the fall, and the crowd rushing under the car prevented its striking and all escaped.

On Saturday night a party of young men went to the City Hotel, in Nashville, and called for Joseph L. Barbour, of Hartford, Conn., in the name of Mr. Shinn, late candidate for Governor on the Stokes ticket. When Mr. Barbour appeared in the office they took him out and carried him toward the suspension bridge. Barbour seized hold of a lamp-post and while some were trying to pull him away others struck him over the shoulders with their canes. Here gentlemen came up and interfered in his behalf and he returned to the hotel. Barbour thanked the Stokes during the latter part of the canvass and corresponded with Isaac Jones. He was considerably bruised but not seriously hurt. The outrage was without cause and is condemned by all classes of citizens.

Crowded Out.

The press of advertising and other matter on our columns for several days past has crowded out a number of valuable communications and letters which should have appeared before this, and which we will endeavor to find room for in the next few days.

Railroad to Virginia.

The following letter, from two prominent gentlemen of Montgomery county to Mr. J. J. Porter, Esq., President of the Board of Trade of this city, will be found interesting:

MOUNT STERLING, KY., Aug. 6, 1869.

Mr. J. J. Porter:

SIR—In addition to the general advantages of the route for a railroad from Lexington, Ky., east to the White Sulphur Springs in Virginia, so ably set forth in your recent letter to the Hon. W. A. Dudley, permit us to suggest the following: The route indicated by you will run from this place through Menifee, Wolfe, Morgan and Johnson counties, and will strike coal 5ft7 miles nearer to Louisville and Lexington than the route to the mouth of Big Sandy. It strikes vast forests of white and yellow pine and yellow poplar much nearer the interior than the old route, and iron in equal quantity and quality some nearer the interior. Upon your route Louisville, Lexington, Mt. Sterling and Winchester will command the local trade almost to the Kentucky line. On the other route, as soon as you reach Licking river it will go to the Ohio. The old route crosses but thirty miles of the coal fields, and that next to the Ohio river—and the iron and coal fields along it have been appropriated by speculators—and upon your route there can be obtained 300,00 acres of land necessary to induce private capitalists to take $1,000,000 of stock, and these bonuses, when the road is finished, will be worth more than $1,000,000, and their stock will have cost nothing. The counties from this place east along the old line have once taken stock and lost it, and are unable and unwilling to take more. The counties above mentioned are not so poor, and are willing and able, as we are informed, to take stock in it. Yours, &c.,

M. M. CASSIDY,
THOS. TURNER.

Hon. Wm. L. Conklin, Senator Elect.

[To the Editor of the Courier-Journal.]

Without any disparagement to the claims of any other gentleman whose name may be suggested and pre-mated for the post of Lieutenant Governor, and specially of the next Senate, permit me to suggest the name of Hon. Wm. L. Conklin, from the Ninth Senatorial district, now representing, so ably and honorably, Bourbon. He is "level headed," and will bring, if elected, much experience, than by comparison any other served the lower branch of the General Assembly in the State Senate.

BLUE GRASS.

THE CITY.

Thanks

to Mr. John Fowler, conductor of the "Eclipse" car, for late papers.

The Correct Majority.

Fisk's majority for Police Commissioner is 226 over Walker, and 1,561 over Doyle.

With Intent to Kill.

The First-street station-house records the arrest of Pris. Simmons, col., for cutting Thomas Smith, col., with intent to kill.

Broke his Leg.

About nine o'clock last night Harry C. McDowell, of the firm of C. H. Hewitt & Co., on Main street, between Third and Fourth, fell through a hatchway and broke his leg.

Four Shooters.

Deadly weapons continue to be used freely and recklessly in these parts. Four persons were before the City Court yesterday charged with shooting and wounding fellow-men.

Pocking the Dilatorium Sheepskin.

The war drums were again beating last night. At half-past eight a military company passed up Jefferson street and appeared to be bearing down on the Frankfort depot.

House-breaking.

Officer Adams yesterday arrested and lodged in the First-street station-house, Dan and Abby Lawson, colored, charged with breaking into the house of George Bailey and stealing $10 worth of property.

Probably Stolen.

Officer Trainor last evening arrested a negro man named Wm. Cozart, who had in his possession a fine black shawl, which is supposed to have been stolen from some lady. It is at police headquarters.

Beautiful Peaches.

Mr. Frank Drane, of Jefferson county, sent us yesterday a basket of a dozen of peaches of the Crawford var ety. They were by far the largest and finest we have seen this season, and we hear he has an orchard full of the same sort.

Large Potatoes.

Mr. E. D. Briscoe, on the Bardstown road, a few miles from the city, exhibited yesterday some potatoes of the famous Bermuda potatoe, of this season's growth. We have never seen their size equaled this early in the season.

G. A. R. Movements.

A charter for Post No. 13, Grand Army of the Republic, was received yesterday, and the new post will organize on Thursday evening, at No. 4 West Market street. The installation will be made by a post from Cincinnati, and there will be a grand banquet on the occasion.

Lost Pigeons.

In the upper part of the city a flock of pigeons took it into their heads to desert the coops, but when the sun burst forth they quickly came out and flew away rapidly, seemingly following the moon's shadow as it disappeared, and up to last night had not returned. We are assured of the satisfactory reliability of this statement.

Davis vs. Kahn.

Nathan Davis has commences a suit in Justice Mallack's court, asserting that Wolf Kahn, Callaffee Kahn, and Louis Kahn, doing business as Kahn Brothers, have not paid him $1,000 which he forcibly detained three rooms in the upper story of 128 east Market street. The case has been set for to-morrow at 2 o'clock P. M., and a large number of witnesses will be summoned.

Accident at the Ruins.

Yesterday morning, while some half a dozen persons were standing in front of the ruins of the burnt distillery on First street, the structure gave way, precipitating them a distance of ten feet. Two of them, named respectively Hamilton and Martin, were injured by the fall of timber on his spine and the latter receiving severe injuries of the lower limbs. Hamilton, who was said to be the more seriously hurt of the two, walked home.

Old Times.

In 1784 Louisville contained "sixty-three houses finished, thirty-seven partly finished, twenty-two raised but not covered, and more than one hundred cabins." The first brick house was built in 1789 by Mr. Kave, ancestor of our former Mayor, on the square on which the courthouse now stands. The second was erected by Mr. Eastin, on the north side of Main street, below Fifth, and the third by Mr. Hood, at the northwest corner of Main and Second streets.

Shelby Railroad Bonds.

The bonds issued by Shelby county for the construction of her projected railroad have been lithographed and printed by German & Brother, of this city, and a large number delivered. The bonds are of $1,000, $500 and $100 denominations. The whole amount authorized is $300,000. Already a portion of the bonds have been put upon the market. They bear eight per cent. semi-annually, and will command ready sale.

Conjugal Infelicities.

On Saturday last one Pat Flynn, who was alleged to have beaten his wife Bridget for association with Dempsey Inthorp, a Miss Maggie Miller, was tried before Justice Clement and was bound in $200 to keep the peace six months. Yesterday Miss Maggie became interested on a peace warrant, sworn out by Bridget, upon whom she had furnished to perform the hari-kari, and was bound in $75 to keep the peace three months. After this Maggie's name was entered on a charge against Bridget, and she was held in a like amount for the same length of time.

The Railroad Disaster.

In every instance, we are informed, the fullest satisfaction has been given those who lost property by the recent accident on the Louisville and Memphis road. In many cases passengers who were so fortunate as to escape serious injury, were given free passes to their destinations. Superintendent Finn has acted generously and humanely toward all the sufferers. To the wounded he has given his almost undivided attention, seeing that such were provided with every possible comfort and the best medical aid and skillful treatment.

A Race-Ball Tournament.

The remainder of this and the better part of next week will witness an unprecedented to-do in Louisville base-ball circles. There will be a tournament at Cedar Hill in which a number of clubs from abroad will participate. The first game, the return game between the Eagle and Lexington clubs, will be played to-morrow. It will be remembered that the Eagles were defeated on the occasion of their recent visit to Lexington, when, after rolling some distance, the game this afternoon which it would not otherwise possess. The programme for the tournament will be found among the advertisements.

Boy Shot.

Yesterday morning Edward Nocturn, a boy nine years of age, while playing around a cotton factory at the corner of Twenty-fourth and Main streets, was shot by a G-rman named Daniel Phabgrath, the latter believing that young Nocturn was stealing his apples. Phabgrath let a heavy charge of shot in the gun, and a large number struck the boy, entering his breast, groin, and arm, and doing serious injury. Phabgrath had been greatly annoyed by boys who had invaded his premises and robbed his trees, and had finally become so exasperated that he had loaded his gun and determined to shoot the first offender he should see. He was arrested by officer Hines and Aule, who lodged him in jail, but he was subsequently released on giving $500 bail before Justices Mallack and Clement, to appear in the City Court this morning.

Personal.

Rev. J. Blakely Smith, of Macon, Ga., is in the city soliciting articles for exhibition at the Georgia State Fair. Our merchants and manufacturers destirve patronage from the South and have the opportunity of contributing through the medium offered. He is at the Willard Hotel, and will take pleasure in calling upon persons who may desire to receive circulars relative to articles for the fair if they will leave their names at his hotel.

M. T. Chrisman, Esq., of Boyle, it is said, will be a candidate for re-election as Clerk of the Lower House of the next Legislature. He is a most admirable clerk and a most admirable gentleman, and during the last Legislature he exhibited his efficiency, capability and promptness in a most satisfactory manner.

Hon. Garrett Davis, U. S. Senator; Hon. C. E. Phelps, of Baltimore; General Fayette Hewitt, of Frankfort; Major W. B. Prosser, of Cave City; Gen. F. St. George Cook, and A. M. Griswold (the "Pal Contributor"), were in the city yesterday.

The re-election of the veteran Captain Corse to the Legislature from Jessamine county by a large majority, in the face of a determined opposition, seems to give lively gratification to his many friends throughout the State.

We notice the return to this place of Col. Fitz Lonsdale, of Mississippi, from Crab Orchard, and, we are glad to say, much improved in health. He is stopping at the Louisville Hotel.

The papers everywhere mention Gen. Duke's election to the Legislature, and those of Kentucky very generally congratulate him and our people on the result.

The Sunday Night Fire.

About 12 o'clock Sunday night the cornmeal and hominy mills of Frederick Bauman, First street near Main, and the grain warehouse and mills of Brandeis & Crawford, adjoining, were destroyed by fire. Some sheds connected with A. A. Wheeler's blacksmith shop, in the rear of Brandeis & Crawford's mills, were also consumed. While the conflagration was in progress a cigar store on the corner of First and Market streets was discovered to have taken fire, but the element there was quickly subdued, and the proprietor, Adolph Harris, was arrested as an incendiary, it being alleged that he had put the torch to his property.

Frederick Bauman's loss is not covered by insurance. His entire establishment, machinery, stock, and the building account locked, were valued at $25,000. The insurance on his establishment, including stock, machinery and building, amounts to $8,500—$1,500 in the German Insurance Company and $1,500 in the German Insurance Banking Company.

The three-story building occupied as a grain warehouse by Brandeis & Crawford was owned by Mrs. C. Q. Armstrong, and was insured in the Home Insurance Company and the North British and Mercantile Insurance Company, $1,375 in each. The stock and machinery belonging to Brandeis & Crawford were insured for $4,500, and their loss is estimated at $4,000, though the extent of damage to the wheat and machinery has not been ascertained.

Over the cigar store of Harris were three tenement rooms, occupied by three families, named respectively Kramp, Shuler, and Stacey. They lost nearly all their household effects through flood and leakage. Harris' store was insured for $1,800. In the City Court yesterday his case was continued.

The fire raged for two hours and a half, and only through great exertions on the part of the Fire Department an extensive conflagration was prevented. It had made great headway when discovered, and is said to have started in Bauman's establishment. How the ignition is yet a mystery.

THE SCHOOL BOARD.

Meeting Last Night—Welcome to the state Teachers' Association—The Grammar School System Re-established.

THAT SIXTH-WARD BUILDING AGAIN.

After some discussion the minutes of the previous meeting were approved.

The following resolutions in reference to the State Teachers' Convention, which meets in the city to-day, were adopted:

WHEREAS, By the estimation of the Board of Trustees of the public schools of Louisville the meeting of the Kentucky State Teachers' Association, to convene in this city to-morrow, will be one of great importance to the cause of popular education in the Old Kentucky Commonwealth, therefore,

Resolved, That the members of this Board will be pleased to hear in the Hall of Reason of the members of the Kentucky State Teachers' Association, published in the daily papers, the names of the leading educators and the candidates for positions in the public schools under their care; or, in these columns, learn those who propose to stand and subscribe of their fellow-laborers, especially when held in Louisville, do not manifest a becoming feature of interest by student professional self-improvement;

Resolved, That the Treasurer, or in his absence, the Vice-President of this Board be requested to extend to the members of the Association a cordial welcome to the use and invitation to visit the public school buildings at their convenience during their stay in the city.

The report of the committee appointed to consider the advisability of changing the corner of institution so as to have the third grades ranking in the vary schools. This report of the Committee on Rules was adopted, which action re-establishes the former system of grammar schools, providing that the first three grades shall be taught only in the grammar schools.

The question of purchasing the property on Gray street, between First and Second, for the purpose of erecting a school-house in the Sixth ward, coming up when Major Kinney submitted the statements of a number of prominent legal gentlemen giving the opinion that the title to said property is good, and recommending that the Board do not purchase the same.

The following resolution was offered:

Resolved, That we recommend to the Mayor and General Council of the city of Louisville not to purchase the property on Second and Gray streets offered by Mrs. Gen. Mrs. Fabia, and others.

To which the following substitute was offered by Dr. Yandell:

Resolved, That this board is unwilling, with the facts now before it, to confirm the purchase of said property on Gray street, known as the Carr and Fabia property, and asks instead that the chair appoint a committee, to consist of the Attorney of the Board, and a third member from the sixth ward, Major Kinney, member from the fourth ward, and the Chairman, former, whose duty it shall be to inquire into the validity of the title of said property and report to this board.

Mr. Yandell then moved to lay the report on the substitute as having expressed an opinion, and suggested that Dr. Yandell and Messrs Scott and Tucker be appointed in their stead.

Wilson—I move to amend Yandell as a substitute to the whole matter that Isaac Caldwell, Judge Bullock, Major Kinney, and Mr. Scholl, Attorney of the Board, be requested to investigate the title to the property in question and report to the Board. The substitute was adopted. The committee were required to report at the next meeting, and the matter was made the special order for 4 o'clock.

The Board then adjourned until next Monday evening.

A TALE OF TWO CITIES.

Attempted Suicide of a Pretty Jewess from Louisville in Detroit.

A little before seven o'clock of one evening last week, the Detroit papers state, a well-dressed young woman was observed passing up Woodward avenue in that city, and from her peculiar gait and appearance it was inferred that she was under the influence of liquor. She proceeded in this manner for several blocks, down which she went to a doctor's office, but, not finding the physician, she went back to Woodward avenue, and walked down as far as Jefferson avenue, having more than once fallen in the walk meantime. When she reached Jefferson avenue her actions attracted the attention of a policeman, who followed her to a boarding-house. Upon arriving there it was ascertained that she had taken some narcotic poison, and physicians were summoned who at once took steps to counteract the workings of the poison. The woman seemed frantic and two men were constantly required to hold her. When she had become somewhat calmer she exclaimed, "Thank God I am in Detroit," and then "Oh, my God!" and then went off into a wailing cry, "Oh! my little boy," which she repeated many times, until the thought of her situation seemed to drive her into the wildest frenzy, and the physicians could not be re-enacted. This was kept up about two hours, when the good efforts of the medical gentlemen began to take effect, and she became composed, and she could converse quite rationally.

She refused to give her name, but is believed that she is the daughter of a gentleman by the name of Hirschfield, residing in Louisville. She is a Jewess, rather small in stature, with jet black hair, dark complexion, and gray eyes. She says that she was engaged to be married to a young man in Louisville, but that, contrary to her own inclinations, and only in obedience to a wish of her parents, she was wedded to a wealthy gentleman of this city. She left Louisville two months ago and left her husband and infant boy (whom she seems to think a great deal of), and has since been travelling through the country, being unattended with means or friends. During one of her delirious spells, she stated that she had developed with a commercial traveling agent, and that he had promised to wed her, but she gave his name, but refused to state where he might be found. She went to Detroit nearly two weeks ago, and appears to have determined to end her existence. This she attempted by taking the manner as stated for carrying out her resolve her heart failed her. She rallied at least five drams of opium, but whether more was purchased at all she has not been ascertained. At one she obtained two grains of morphine, and has probably taken some before that. She visited several drug stores in search of the latter, and has she had taken a large dose of morphine and asked for an antidote. She there drank four cups of strong coffee, a glass of soda water, wrote a letter and had it addressed in a style of penmanship which fully attracted the attention of persons of taste and culture. All of the house in this low town noticed, and the physicians were called in and reported.

Three handsome dwelling houses, erected by Messrs. John Hay, S. P. Myer and John C. Broadhead; brick stables, with metal roofs, are to be built, and, taken altogether, those buildings are among the most beautiful and convenient in the city. The contract for the brick-work of the three has been let to two hundred and fifty feet deep to an alley, and the total cost, when completed, will be $54,000.

The work on Mr. S. S. Hamilton's magnificent residence, on Fourth street, between Third and Fourth, is being pushed forward very rapidly. This will be one of the finest private residences in the city. It will be completed sometime during the fall.

Mr. John Terry has remodeled and enlarged his residence on Fourth, the stables at the corner of Third and College streets. The changes that have been made and carried out are quite extensive, and, in fact, he has made it one of the handsomest in the city.

Mr. O. T. Ball is making some extensive improvements on the lot on the south side of Market street, between First and Brook. It will be occupied by Mr. Ball as a hardware and cutlery store.

George Kilpatrick, Esq., has in course of erection a fine private residence on the north side of Breckinridge street, between First and Brook.

Henry Whitestone, Esq., the well-known architect, is busily engaged in drawing plans for his own use on the south side of Jacob street, between First and Brook.

Mr. A. Buhler has nearly completed a very large and handsome residence on the north side of Jefferson street, between Preston and Fenton.

A neat and well-arranged block of business houses is being built on Preston street, near Jacob, by Mr. Reddan.

Two excellent business houses are being erected on the northwest corner of Seventeenth and Main streets.

Mr. Danzker is putting up a large and commodious business house on the south side of Market, between Seventh and Eighth.

Lunch Horrors.

Yesterday a lunch-punisher who went to the levee to purge himself came near having his wind shut off by a chunk of incorrigible beef that he had attempted to swallow after "chawing" at it until his jaws ached. He ran with all the speed he possessed to a Doctor, on Jefferson street, and, pointing to the great swelling lump in his throat that looked like the cramped carcass of an overgrown bull-frog, succeeded in making himself understood. The magnificent M. D., seizing a powerful instrument, rammed it into the mouth of the frightened patient, and succeeded in ramming the beef down his throat, giving him almost instant relief.

The State Teachers' Association.

It is urgently requested by the Committee of Arrangements for the State Teachers' Association, which meets to-day, that all persons having lists of names and places of residence of all teachers within their limits will hand or send the same to the Secretary of the association, at the basement of the First Baptist Church, corner of Fourth and Walnut, on or before 10 o'clock A. M., when the section will convene at 11 o'clock. Delegates who have not had places assigned will report to the Secretary. The resolutions adopted by the School Board last night will be found in full in the report of the proceedings, which is published elsewhere.

The Sunday Times.

This paper appeared Sunday last in a new form and quite changed in appearance. It is now published as a quarto, and seems to be well filled with good reading. Messrs. Vaughn, Ames & Co. are the publishers, and Mr. Geo. W. Noble is also understood to be connected with it.

(OFFICIAL.)

BOARD OF COMMON COUNCIL.

THURSDAY EVENING, Aug. 5, 1869.

Present—Wm. F. Dueron, President, and all the members except Mr. Walter.

The reading of the journal of the previous session was dispensed with.

The Mayor submitted a remonstrance against disorderly conduct on Market, between Hancock and Clay streets, with a resolution requesting the Police Committee to inquire into the matter complained of and report at the next meeting.

The Mayor submitted a petition to have filled up the well on Portland avenue, between Fifteenth and Seventeenth streets, which was referred to the Street Commissioner with power to act.

The Mayor transmitted the resolution adopted by the Cincinnati Council tendering the thanks of the authorities of Cincinnati to the Council and citizens of Louisville and to Messrs. J. B. Wilder and H. D. Newcomb for hospitalities extended them on their recent visit, which was received and ordered to be spread upon the minutes.

A communication from Judge Bullitt, City Attorney, on the right of the city to remove mud cribs from streets for which the property owners refuse to pay, was read and ordered to be filed.

A memorial from the College of Physicians and Surgeons was read, and referred to the Trustees of the Hospital.

CLAIMS ALLOWED.

Al. Bourtier, $100 36, for hauling for jumps.
John Gill, $5,150, to pay paving claims against property owners.
Gordon & Doyle, $1175 05, to pay paving claims against property owners.
Wm. Gliss, $128 50, to pay paving claims against property owners.
A. W. Wedd, $146 30, to pay paving claims against property owners.
Jno. L. Eads, $118 25, to pay paving claims against property owners.
Dr. H. D. Pope, $125 45, for medicine furnished jail.
E. F. Thixton, $901 05, to pay paving claims against property owners.
R. Miller, $236 36, to pay paving claims against property owners.
J. W. Ferguson, $221 05, to pay paving claims against property owners.
T. Eggin, $200 40, to pay paving claims against property owners.
J. McKeagney, $236 45, to pay paving claims against property owners.
J. Charlton, $300 for work on City Hospital.
J. T. Ferrell, $60 50 for work for the City.
C. C. Garvin, $47 50 for repairs to pump.
J. B. Non gomery & Co., $1,200 for work on City Hospital.
Sweat, Sam'l & O'Brien, $800 for work on City Hospital.
H. Harrison, $1,600 for work on City Hospital.
J. A. W. Prather, $982 85 for work on City Hospital, $1,482 85 for work on said Hospital.
B. McAtee, $146 50 to pay claims against property owners.

ADJOURNMENT—ONE O'CLOCK.

Being the consideration of the resolutions and report on the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, Mr. Long moved a recess till Friday, 2 P. M., a joint session on Monday evening, August 9, 1869, at 7 o'clock, for the purpose for which the recess was adopted.

Mr. Troy presented a minority report from F. T. Fox with the following resolution; the report was ordered to be printed, and read as follows, viz:

To the General Council, City of Louisville, Ky.:

The undersigned, your committee appointed on all matters touching the connection of the Louisville and Nashville railroad with the city of Louisville, Kentucky, and of Lexington, Tennessee and of the change of the gauge of the latter road, and to which all those matters have been referred, with two sad estates for its previous report, submitted a second report on the 30th day of July, 1869, beg leave to say as to that report:

I will state the terms of the agreement as I understand them, and then indicate to the line of connection deemed best by my judgment for all the interests involved.

The gauge of the L. C. and L. road was first to be changed to a gauge of five feet six inches in width, and subsequently to five feet, which latter action was to be had of said roads, and that the track of the five feet six inches was to be laid in the track of the Louisville and Nashville road wherever it is the only track of said road, and that such change was obtained, so rails were to be laid by either of said roads to form said connection, and such connection where made was to be within said city. And the said city was to pay three-fifths of the expenses of said change of gauge.

The line and point of connection may now be—as the most important matter considered by your committee and about which they disagree. My own personal preference is strongly and decidedly for a connection with the Louisville, Cincinnati and Lexington road, at the crossing of Eighth and Twelfth streets, but as much personal prejudice has been stirred into it as would seem that route was rendered impracticable by the threatened indulgence of the passions of private interests.

The route indicated by the last report is so impracticable to the city that it ought not to be its course and for these reasons, which I will simply state and not elaborate:

1st. The connections these two roads only, while this connection and its line and point should be such as would afford the most ample accommodate all roads coming from the West over the bridge now in construction.

2d. The grades and curvatures which mitigate against Green and Gas streets will compel the location of the line of the Louisville and Nashville road over or near Preston street, which is somewhat when her citizens shall have reached the House of Refuge.

3d. By connecting at the point indicated, you lose on the chances of making this city the common terminus of the Louisville and Nashville road with the Louisville, Cincinnati and Lexington road. I will give my reason for saying that the survey of the routes presented by the engineer of the road is not correct, and as to its own permanent nature, that quality is simply nothing. This connection is for all time to come and every dollar of money to be scarce, and every bridge built or to be built, will most unquestionably constitute a portion of these expenses. Some of these corporations have already so expressed themselves.

4th. I will now state the reasons known as a survey of the river routes:

If you will take a map and examine the outline of the city, you will find it to be a perfect triangle, and from the peculiar shape of the river's bed at this point, the water front of the city is almost entire each angle of this triangle, and no road, except the water front of the city lies at a distance of three miles. The corner lots must be so made as to accommodate all that ever will enter this city, and that can only be done by a direct connection at a point accessible to all these roads and one in the line of business centers of the city.

Down Green street or along the river are the only routes which will effect the object in view, because in the one case the line is accessible to only two roads, or be accessible from two only of these angles, and must therefore be so near or so located as to be approached by all without traversing the city through the entire city from the south point; and in the other instance, the prosperity of this city and all her railroad interests demand that the line of the Louisville and Nashville road should be unaccessible nearly, if not quite, to the Louisville, Cincinnati and Lexington road that ever can be built to this city; it will render the wharf of some value to the city; it will make the Louisville and Nashville road superior the city at Fourteenth street and run through the heart of the city, and the streets not already in use by railroads, except in the extreme eastern part, where the property is of little value, will be left free for the city to sell in time for the Louisville, Cincinnati and Lexington road to enter the city from the depot to a point further out on Fourteenth street; it will be more convenient to the business and depot and shops of all the roads from the point of this connection on account of the increase of the manufactories around the falls, facilities possessed by the Louisville and Nashville road, and by the freight of the roads and of the river opportunities and facilities of transfer possessed by no other road; it will be the shortest line and most have. Cleveland, Buffalo, New Orleans, and Pratt's depots and shops are located, and the Southern terminus of Northern roads, by placing it beyond the power of the roads coming from the North and West to avoid the city, and a close time connection with roads going South. East and West.

The point indicated for connection prevents the building of a central passenger and freight depot, and the location of the roads which now come or will hereafter over come to this city.

Fifth. The Louisville, Cincinnati and Lexington road will not permit their acceptance of this connection. This fact was stated by Col. Dudley in the committee, if my memory serves me correctly.

Therefore, for the above and many other reasons expressed and the connection reported through Green and Gas streets to the line of the Louisville, Cincinnati and Lexington road, I will give my reason for saying that the survey of the routes presented by the engineer of the road is not correct, and as to its own permanent nature, that quality is simply nothing. This connection is for all time to come and every dollar of money to be scarce, and every bridge built or to be built, will most unquestionably constitute a portion of these expenses. Some of these corporations have already so expressed themselves.

I will now state the reasons known as a survey of the river routes:

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Down Green street or along the river are the only routes which will effect the object in view, because in the one case the line is accessible to only two roads, or be accessible from two only of these angles, and must therefore be so near or so located as to be approached by all without traversing the city through the entire city from the south point; and in the other instance, the prosperity of this city and all her railroad interests demand that the line of the Louisville and Nashville road should be unaccessible nearly, if not quite, to the Louisville, Cincinnati and Lexington road that ever can be built to this city; it will render the wharf of some value to the city; it will make the Louisville and Nashville road superior the city at Fourteenth street and run through the heart of the city, and the streets not already in use by railroads, except in the extreme eastern part, where the property is of little value, will be left free for the city to sell in time for the Louisville, Cincinnati and Lexington road to enter the city from the depot to a point further out on Fourteenth street; it will be more convenient to the business and depot and shops of all the roads from the point of this connection on account of the increase of the manufactories around the falls, facilities possessed by the Louisville and Nashville road, and by the freight of the roads and of the river opportunities and facilities of transfer possessed by no other road; it will be the shortest line and most have. Cleveland, Buffalo, New Orleans, and Pratt's depots and shops are located, and the Southern terminus of Northern roads, by placing it beyond the power of the roads coming from the North and West to avoid the city, and a close time connection with roads going South. East and West.

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